



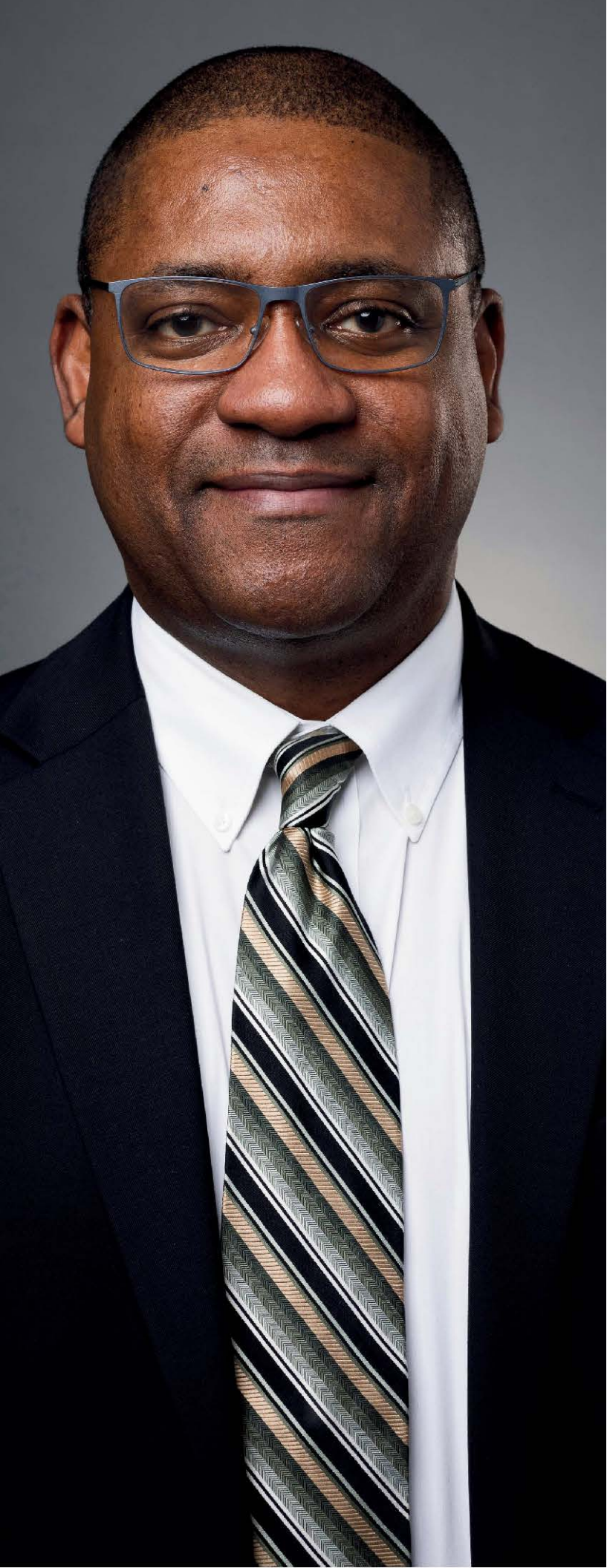
2026-27

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT - SEATTLE

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Message from UW Police Chief Craig Wilson

The University of Washington Police Department team is proud to serve and protect the UW's campus community in Seattle.

We play a special, valuable role in both preventing and effectively responding to issues that arise 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

The report you're about to read includes crime statistics for 2025, 2024 and 2023.

Although the homicide of UW student Juniper Blessing happened in 2026 and therefore is not reflected in the statistics for this year's report, it is important to acknowledge this devastating loss to the UW community. Legal proceedings continue for the man charged with murdering Juniper.

UWPD personnel creatively, compassionately and effectively meet new challenges every day and that's seldom been more true than in the past year.

Our goal every day is the safety and success of every person at the UW in Seattle. Our ongoing commitment to safety for all in our community is unwavering.

Sincerely,

Craig L. Wilson,

UWPD Chief of Police

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report, and Drug-Free Schools Act Information – 2026-2027

(2023, 2024 and 2025 Statistics)

Founded in 1861, the University of Washington is one of the world's leading public research universities. UW in Seattle serves more than 50,000 students and employing almost 31,000 faculty and staff at its 700-acre campus.

The following information has been prepared to increase awareness of the programs to aid safety and well-being. Portions are also provided in compliance with the federal Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 USC 1145g), and the Higher Education Opportunity Act (Title 20 U.S. Code Section 1092 Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics), also known as the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act.

Campus Safety and Security questions?

Contact: UWPD Clery Compliance Coordinator at 206-543-0507 or uwpolice@uw.edu.

Fire Safety Report questions?

Contact: UW Environmental Health & Safety Department at 206-543-7262.

Campus Safety and Security

The University of Washington Police Department (UWPD) has the primary responsibility for law enforcement and police functions for the Seattle campus, working closely with Seattle Police Department and other law enforcement agencies throughout Washington state.

The UWPD primary jurisdiction is as follows:

- The campus includes all University of Washington buildings, common areas, parking areas and roads to the east of 15th Avenue NE, south of NE 45th Street, west of Montlake Boulevard NE and north of NE Pacific Street.
- The east campus includes all University of Washington buildings, common areas, structures, parking areas and roads to the east of Montlake Boulevard NE, south of NE 45th Street, west of Mary Gates Memorial Drive, north of Union Bay and south of NE 41st Street to the eastern boundary of the Center for Urban Horticulture.
- The south campus includes all University of Washington buildings, common areas, parking areas and roads to the east of 15th Avenue NE, south of NE Pacific Street, west of Montlake Boulevard NE and north of the Lake Washington Ship Canal.
- The west campus includes all University of Washington buildings, common areas and parking areas to the east of 6th Avenue NE (including Benjamin Hall), south of NE 45th Street, west of 15th Avenue NE, north of NE Boat Street/NE Pacific Street with the exception of the following premises: College Inn at 1406 NE 40th, LDS Seattle Institute of Religion

at 3925 15th Ave NE and Bean & Bagel at 1410 NE 40th. West campus includes the following roadways: Lincoln Way, Cowlitz Road and the NE Campus Parkway common grass median.

The UWPD primary jurisdiction also includes some buildings that do not fall in the footprint delineated above. Those buildings include:

- Creative Communications – 3900 7th Ave NE
- Northlake Building – 814 NE Northlake Place
- Eagleson Hall – 1417 NE 42nd Street
- Social Work/Speech and Hearing Bldg – 4101 15th Ave NE
- Plant Services – 4515 25th Ave NE
- Benjamin Hall – 616 NE Northlake Pl
- Communications & Computing – 4545 15th Ave NE
- UW Tower – 4333 Brooklyn Ave NE
- UW Tower Bldg A – 4328 Brooklyn Ave NE
- Collegiana Building – 4311 12th Ave NE
- Roosevelt I Building – 4225 Roosevelt Way NE
- Roosevelt II Building – 4245 Roosevelt Way NE
- Parking Areas: H5, W2, W40, W44, W45, W46 and N28

The following off-campus housing areas, including buildings, common areas and parking areas are under the UWPD jurisdiction:

- Blakeley Village – 4747 30th Ave NE
- Laurel Village - 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Drive
- Nordheim Court– 5000 25th Ave NE

****Please note that the physical street addresses given are not the mailing addresses for these buildings.****

UWPD officers routinely patrol at the fraternities and sororities north of NE 45th Street. Seattle for crime prevention and party compliance.

Police Department maintains primary jurisdiction and investigates all major crimes that occur in that area.



UWPD police are sworn peace officers, performing the same services as those of any police agency, including full powers of arrest. UWPD investigates all crimes and enforces federal, state and local laws as well as Washington Administrative Code rules within the University of Washington's jurisdiction. Commissioned officers patrol the campus on a 24-hour basis. In addition to the commissioned officers, the department also employs full- and part-time non-commissioned Campus Safety Responders who patrol properties, including the residence halls, and who assist in the enforcement of University rules and regulations and the safeguarding of the campus community. The department is headed by the Chief of Police, who reports to the Vice President of Campus Community Safety.

UW Campus Safety Responders have the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful business on campus. Safety personnel are typically assigned to particular areas of campus, such as the UW Tower or the UW Medical Center, but their authority to request identification extends throughout campus. Campus Safety Responders do not have the authority to arrest. Criminal incidents are referred to UWPD.

The UWPD maintains a [60-day crime/incident log](#), which includes: offense description, date the crime/incident was reported, date and time the incident occurred, general location of the incident and disposition. Hard copies of the report may also be obtained at the UWPD Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m.- 12 p.m and 1 - 4:30 p.m., excluding holidays.

Harborview Medical Center maintains a separate 60-day crime log. Their crime log includes the type of crime, case report number, the date the crime was reported to

Harborview Security Services Department, the date and time of occurrence, the general location of the crime and disposition if known. To request a hard copy of the 60-day crime log, call 206-744-4913.

Training of UWPD

The UWPD Training Unit ensures that all officers receive the requisite number of training hours each year. Training subjects include firearms qualification, diversity/cultural awareness, ethics, critical incident response, first aid/CPR, defensive tactics and many other facets of crime prevention and deterrence. Officers receive this training in formal training blocks, electronically, at roll call and through training bulletins.

All UWPD police officers have successfully completed training at the Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission Academy or an equivalent institution recognized by the Commission. Many UWPD officers hold either an associate or bachelor's degree in the sciences related to criminal justice, sociology, psychology, community relations or other public service-related fields.

Seattle Police Department and Non-Campus Criminal Activity

The UWPD maintains a working relationship with the Seattle Police Department (SPD). UWPD and SPD officers communicate at the scene of incidents that occur on and around the University campus. UWPD and SPD detectives collaborate on joint investigations.

SPD and UWPD have a written memorandum of understanding regarding UWPD's patrols of the non-campus, privately-owned housing north of main campus, which are primarily occupied by students. This neighborhood is commonly known as the North of 45th Neighborhood.

This allows the UWPD to regularly conduct patrols of the fraternities and sororities in this area, and UWPD officers may issue citations or infractions in SPD's jurisdiction. The neighborhood currently has 50 privately-owned residences housing individual fraternities and sororities. The UW Interfraternity Council and the UW Panhellenic Association are the only officially recognized student groups with privately owned and controlled housing.

The UWPD has a written memorandum of understanding with the Seattle Police Department and the King County Sheriff's Office setting forth roles and responsibilities relating to the prevention and response to sexual assault. It is further the purpose of this memorandum of understanding to promote collaboration between the agencies to enhance the reporting, investigation and appropriate response to sexual assault, violent crimes and hate crimes. The UWPD does not have an additional written memorandum of understanding with Seattle Police for the investigation of other alleged criminal offenses, although the two departments do have written mutual aid agreements in place. Additionally, an Interlocal Cooperation Agreement has been made with all four-year public higher education institutions in Washington state to assist with major investigations and other specialized services. The UWPD does not have a written memorandum of understanding with the Washington State Patrol for the investigation of alleged criminal offenses, although the two departments do have written mutual aid agreements in place.

Pursuant to [WAC 478-121-120, Creating a public nuisance in neighboring communities](#), the University shall have the authority to hold students accountable under this conduct code for misconduct within any residential or commercial communities

adjacent to a university campus. Conduct proceedings may be initiated if the University is made aware that a student or student organization has been contacted by a law enforcement agency regarding, and is determined to have engaged in, conduct that is in violation of a state statute or municipal ordinance and has a direct quality of life impact on community residents or businesses, including, but not limited to, creating a public nuisance due to noise, residential disturbance, intentional destruction of property, urinating in public or criminal trespass.

Although not required, SPD may contact UWPD regarding non-campus incidents involving UW students, who may then be subject to citation or arrest by SPD, as well as University disciplinary proceedings conducted by the Office of Community Standards & Student Conduct, Office of Fraternity & Sorority Life or Housing and Food Services. This includes non-campus criminal behavior by students at non-campus locations of student organizations officially recognized by the UW, including student organizations with non-campus housing facilities (i.e., fraternities and sororities).

Reporting a Crime or Emergency

Community members, students, faculty, staff and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the UWPD in a timely manner when the victim of the crime elects to and/or is able, physically/mentally, to make such a report.

To report a crime or an emergency at the Seattle campus, call 911 from any campus telephone to make a report to a commissioned peace officer. Cell phone calls to 911 from the UW campus should be connected to the UWPD Dispatch Center, but callers may need to tell the dispatch

operator they need to speak with UWPD. To report a non-emergency safety matter, call the UWPD through the non-emergency line at 206-685-8973. You may dial 5-8973 within the University telephone system. The UWPD Dispatch Center is available 24 hours per day, every day of the year. The UWPD Dispatch Center can also be reached using any of the 24 outdoor Emergency Blue phones located throughout campus. These phones are 9-foot blue posts labeled “emergency” and have a constant blue light. Push the button for 911 and a blue strobe light will flash intermittently and a UWPD officer will be dispatched as appropriate. There are also emergency phones located in each of the campus parking garages and two public announcement speakers at Terry and Maple Halls. In a non-emergency situation, you may also report a crime at the police station at 3939 15th Avenue NE, or submit an online report for misdemeanor crimes such as theft, vandalism, telephone harassment, or lost property through our [online reporting tool](#). This tool cannot be used to file a report for motorized vehicle thefts (including e-bikes and e-scooters). You may be required to file a report with a commissioned peace officer if the crime you are reporting exceeds the threshold for a misdemeanor crime. Felonies and person crimes, including assault, sexual assault, or robberies cannot be reported through the online reporting function.



In response to a call to the UWPD Dispatch Center, a call taker may dispatch an officer, forward the call to the Seattle Fire Department or the Seattle Police Department, request that the victim be placed in contact with a police officer to take a report, file an online report or take other action as appropriate. UWPD patrol officers investigate misdemeanor crimes where appropriate. Felony investigations are launched by patrol officers and subsequently forwarded to the UWPD Detective Unit for follow-up.

Crimes should be reported as soon as possible to the UWPD to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics in this report, for inclusion in the 60-day crime log and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the community. The UWPD withholds the victim’s name when making timely reports to the campus community of crimes considered a threat to other students and employees. Names of victims of crime are also not disclosed when nondisclosure is in accordance with public records requests.

The UWPD works closely with the Office of Public Records and Open Meetings to achieve compliance with all public records requests. The University completes publicly available recordkeeping requirements,

including Clery Act reporting and disclosures, without the inclusion of identifying information about the victim(s).

The institution will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the UW against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim.

Victims have the right to report crimes, including but not limited to domestic violence, relationship violence, sexual assault and stalking to other campus authorities besides law enforcement if the victim so chooses. Victims may also obtain help from campus authorities to assist in reporting to law enforcement. Victims may also decline to report to police or any campus authority.

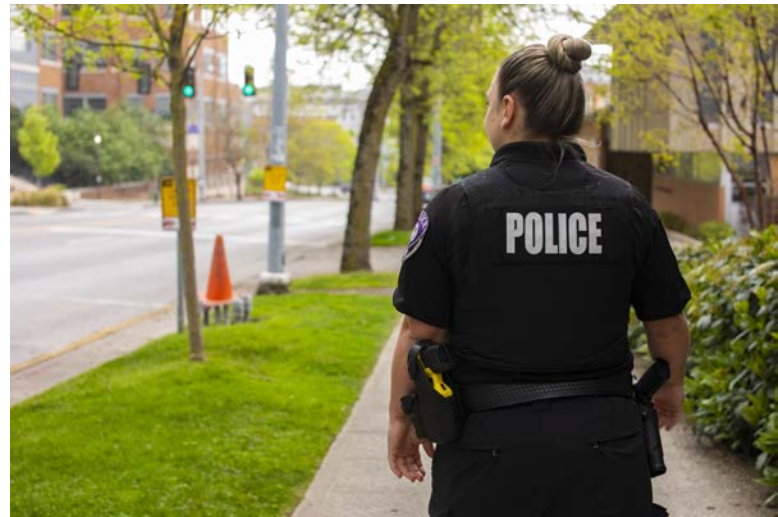
Safe Zone

The [SafeZone App](#) gives direct access to safety assistance, regardless of location. Inside the UW's Seattle campus, the app provides immediate access to UWPD when assistance is needed. Outside of the UW's Seattle Campus, the app will connect to the relevant local emergency services.

You can use SafeZone to:

- Call for assistance, if you have general, non-emergency questions about campus safety services
- Call for medical issues, if you or someone near you needs urgent medical help
- Call for an emergency, if you feel threatened, need urgent help or witness a crime in progress

- Set the Safety Timer to voluntarily share your location with UWPD for a virtual guardian service on the Seattle campus
- Check in to voluntarily share your location with UWPD while you're on the Seattle campus



Voluntary, Confidential Reporting

The UWPD has a voicemail tip line established for confidential reporting of incidents and for providing confidential tips to assist in the investigation of incidents. The Tip Line can be reached by calling 206-685-TIPS (8477) from any off-campus phone or 5-TIPS (8477) from any on-campus phone. This voicemail is checked on a regular basis by a UWPD supervisor or designee. All information is recorded in a Tip Line Call Register and forwarded to the appropriate UWPD unit for follow up.

Medical Response

Students, faculty, staff and visitors to the University should report any medical emergency on campus by calling 911.

The UWPD emergency 911 Dispatch Center operates 24 hours a day, 7 days a week the entire calendar year. UWPD 911 procedures

require joint dispatching of UWPD officers and the Seattle Fire Department to all medical emergencies within the University's Seattle campus jurisdiction. In addition, the UWPD operates an emergency notification system where students, faculty and/or staff of the University who have experienced a medical emergency can have an emergency contact notified. The University of Washington Medical Center - Montlake (UWMC), which is nationally renowned for its services, is located in the southern portion of the Seattle campus. Additional area hospitals available include Harborview Medical Center (specializing in trauma, burn care and neurosurgery), Seattle Children's Hospital (specializing in primary and urgent care pediatrics) and Northwest Hospital & Medical Center (specializing in a spectrum of outpatient services).

Weapons Policy

The possession or use of firearms, explosives, dangerous chemicals or other dangerous weapons or instrumentalities on the University campus, except for authorized University purposes, is prohibited by WAC 478-124-020(2)(e). Written approval is required prior to accessing University property with the prohibited items listed above. Approval must be obtained from the Chief of Police or any other person designated by the President of the University. To request approval in writing, mail your request to:

**University of Washington Police
Department
ATTN: Chief of Police
3939 15th Avenue NE Seattle, WA 98105**

If you do not have this approval, you must store your weapon with the UWPD for safekeeping while you are on campus. To schedule an appointment to secure your weapon at the UWPD, call 206-685-8973.

Violation of this policy by students, faculty, staff or visitors to the Seattle campus may be subject to disciplinary actions and/or civil or criminal citation. UWPD reminds those with weapons to be aware of [campus boundaries](#).

Preparing and Reporting Crime Statistics

UWPD discloses all incidents reported to the department that fall into any of the required reporting classifications as a statistic in this annual report. The UW collects statistics of domestic violence, intimate partner violence and stalking incidents reported to campus security authorities. These statistics are published in this annual security report.

The UWPD Clery Coordinator culls the statistical data for this report from multiple sources, including UWPD's internal Report Management System. The Clery Coordinator also requests statistical information from all campus security authorities (as defined by federal law) and from deans, directors and department heads. The campus security authorities include the professional counselors on campus who are not required to report but may do so voluntarily.

Members of the community are encouraged to call the police to report crimes for this annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Crime statistics are reported in the year they were reported in and not necessarily the year in which incidents occurred. If a crime is reported, it is included in the annual statistics, regardless of the decision by a court, coroner, jury, prosecutor or other similar non-campus official. Clery Act reporting does not require that an investigation be initiated or that the University discloses identifying information about the victim.

For purposes of reporting crimes in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting system, the Hierarchy Rule is used when more than one criminal offense is committed during a single incident; in those cases, only the most serious offense is included in the University's Clery Act statistics. The exception to the hierarchy rule in Clery statistical reporting applies to cases where an individual is a victim of a sex offense and a murder during the same incident.

This report contains information about on- and off-campus resources and the University makes this publication available to all UW community members. Offices listed are not crime reporting entities for the UW. Crimes should be reported to the UWPD to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics, inclusion in the 60-day crime log and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the community when appropriate.

The statistics in this report are published electronically by the Division of Campus Community Safety in an accessible format. The UWPD submits the annual crime statistics to the U.S. Department of Education, which are available to the public on the Department of Education [website](#).

The University discloses the availability of this annual report to enrolled students, potential students and current employees on an annual basis electronically. All current University employees and students receive an electronic notification that includes a brief summary of the contents of this report and its location online as well as information on how to obtain a hard copy of this report. The report is disclosed to potential employees on the University's Campus Community Safety [Crime Data & Clery webpage](#). The report is also disclosed to prospective students through the Registrar's Office.

The crime information contained in the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report pertains to crimes on the UW Seattle campus as well as crimes that occur immediately adjacent to the campus and crimes that occur in or on non-campus buildings or property that the UW owns or controls or are owned or controlled by the Interfraternity Council. Some examples of non-campus buildings include the officially recognized UW fraternity and sorority houses north of campus, Harborview Medical Center, Friday Harbor Laboratories and the Rome Center.

UW Bothell and UW Tacoma, separate campuses, report their crime information in separate documents.

Classification of Crimes

Crimes listed herein are classified using the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook and relevant federal law (the Clery Act). Please see definitions at the end of this report.

For murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, rape, forcible fondling, incest and statutory rape, aggravated assault, domestic violence, intimate partner violence and stalking, the number of victims is indicated. For robbery, burglary, larceny, vandalism and arson, one offense is counted per distinct operation regardless of the number of victims. For motor vehicle theft, each vehicle taken (or attempted to be taken) is counted separately. For liquor, drug and weapons violations, the statistics indicate each person arrested. Incidents of domestic violence, intimate partner violence and stalking are counted according to the underlying crime—i.e., property crimes and robbery are counted by operation and crimes against persons except robbery are counted by the number of victims.

Note that some domestic violence and intimate partner violence incidents are counted twice in this report: once under domestic or intimate partner violence and once under the underlying crime (if Clery reportable), such as aggravated assault. Hate crimes are not considered distinct offenses, but are crimes (such as assault or vandalism) motivated by the suspect's bias. Most hate crimes are counted in the crime statistics in this report. The exceptions are simple assault, intimidation, larceny, vandalism and other crimes that involve bodily injury that are not included in the required reporting categories but are reported separately as hate crimes. Also, crimes motivated by prejudice against a victim's national origin and crimes motivated by prejudice against a victim's gender identity are reported as hate crimes.

University-wide Student Conduct Code
Disciplinary Statistics and Residence Hall
Alcohol, Drug and Weapons Violations
(Disciplinary Referrals table below) may also
have been reported to UWPD as crimes and
so may also be included in the Campus
Crime Statistics table.

UW Seattle Crime Statistics

Campus Crime Statistics		GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION				
Offense Reported by Hierarchy	Year	On-Campus Property	On-Campus Student Housing	Non-Campus Property	Public Property	Unfounded
Murder/Non Negligent Manslaughter	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	1	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	2025	0	0	0	0	
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	2025	6	5	1	0	0
	2024	6	3	4	0	0
	2023	8	1	2	0	0
Forcible Fondling	2025	11	4	0	0	0
	2024	14	1	7	1	0
	2023	5	1	5	1	0
Incest	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	2025	2	0	0	0	0
	2024	6	0	5	2	0
	2023	4	2	7	0	0
Aggravated Assault	2025	33*	19*	4	1	0
	2024	16	1	16	7	0
	2023	9	1	15	0	0
Burglary	2025	108	10	4	0	0
	2024	65	5	40	0	0
	2023	80	7	32	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	2025	186	9	0	0	0
	2024	128	5	42	33	5
	2023	163	0	29	0	0
Arson	2025	6	0	3	1	0
	2024	3	0	5	1	0
	2023	5	0	1	1	0

*In 2025, one person reported multiple allegations of Aggravated Assault by one suspect that allegedly occurred in a previous year.

VAWA Offenses		GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION				
Offense	Year	On-Campus Property	On-Campus Student Housing	Non-Campus Property	Public Property	Unfounded
Domestic Violence	2025	6	2	1	0	0
	2024	10	1	10	2	0
	2023	6	4	9	0	0
Dating Violence	2025	5	2	0	1	0
	2024	7	3	10	0	0
	2023	9	3	16	0	0
Stalking	2025	27	0	0	0	0
	2024	59	2	2	3	0
	2023	52	4	1	0	0

Stop Campus Hazing Act		GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION				
Offense	Year	On-Campus Property	On-Campus Student Housing	Non-Campus Property	Public Property	Unfounded
Hazing	2025	4	0	10	0	0
	2024					
	2023					

Please note that the requirement to include Hazing statistics in the ASR went into effect for report year 2026/2027. Hazing statistics were included in statistic gathering beginning January 1, 2025 in compliance with the updates to the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act.

Unfounded Crimes

2025: No Unfounded Crimes

2024: Five unfounded crimes

2023: One unfounded crime

Hate Crimes

2025:

- 1 on-campus Theft incident characterized by National Origin bias
- 4 on-campus and 1 on-campus student housing Intimidation incidents characterized by Religion bias
- 1 on-campus and 1 on-campus student housing Intimidation incidents characterized by Sexual Orientation bias
- 3 on-campus Intimidations incidents characterized by Race bias
- 1 non-campus Simple Assault incident characterized by Race bias
- 3 non-campus Intimidation incidents characterized by Race bias

2024:

- One on-campus Theft incident characterized by National Origin bias
- Four on-campus Simple Assault incidents characterized by National Origin bias
- Four on-campus and 1 on-campus student housing Intimidation incidents characterized by National Origin bias
- Two on-campus Intimidation incidents characterized by Religion bias
- Two on-campus Vandalism incidents characterized by Religion bias
- One on-campus and 1 on-campus student housing Intimidation incident characterized by Sexual Orientation bias
- Five on-campus and 5 on-campus student housing Vandalism incidents characterized by Sexual Orientation bias
- One on-campus Simple Assault incident characterized by Race bias
- One on-campus Intimidation incident characterized by Race bias
- One public property Vandalism incident characterized by Race bias
- One public property Vandalism incident characterized by Sexual Orientation bias
- One non-campus Intimidation incident characterized by Race bias

2023:

- Two on-campus intimidation incidents characterized by Religion bias
- One on-campus Simple Assault incident characterized by Ethnicity bias
- Three non-campus Simple Assault incidents characterized by Sexual Orientation bias
- One non-campus Simple Assault incident characterized by Race bias
- Three on-campus Vandalism incidents characterized by National Origin bias

Arrests and Disciplinary Referrals		GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION				
Offense Reported by Hierarchy	Year	On-Campus Property	On-Campus Student Housing	Non-Campus Property	Public Property	Unfounded
Arrests: Weapons	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	1	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Weapons	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	0	0	0
	2023	0	0	0	0	0
Arrests: Drug Abuse Violations	2025	1	0	0	0	0
	2024	1	0	2	0	0
	2023	1	0	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Drug Abuse Violations	2025	52	49	0	0	0
	2024	38	35	0	0	0
	2023	32	29	0	0	0
Arrests: Liquor Law Violations	2025	0	0	0	0	0
	2024	0	0	1	0	0
	2023	2	2	0	0	0
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Law Violations	2025	295	293	6	1	0
	2024	305	299	6	1	0
	2023	108	100	0	0	0

Crime Prevention and Security Awareness Education Programs

The University provides security awareness programs for students, faculty and staff. The programs address safety procedures and encourages students and staff to be responsible for the safety of themselves and others. The University also provides crime prevention programming. Read more about the various programs below.



Community Engagement

The UWPD leaders and officers represent the department at campus orientations for new incoming students, parents and employees. The UWPD staffs resource booths at community events, provides seminars on personal and workplace safety, conducts office and environmental security surveys, maintains a database for electronics registrations, partners with Bike Index to facilitate bicycle registrations and addresses other security related topics as requested by student organizations and University departments. Requests can be made by emailing uwpolice@uw.edu.

Annual crime prevention and safety presentations are facilitated by the UWPD in the summer prior to each academic year for new students, and separately, for their parents/guardians. Topics include how to report crimes, response to major incidents and personal safety tips. In addition, information about the police department security procedures and practices, emergency alert systems and community resources is provided at these orientations. During 2022 there were 7,894 students that watched the Personal and Property Safety Presentation and 6,482 family members participated in 10 Zoom meetings.

UWPD facilitates personal safety presentations and active threat/workplace violence prevention presentations by request for students, faculty and staff at on-campus and off-campus locations. In addition to new student and parent orientation presentations, UWPD employees facilitated safety talks, discussions about emergency preparedness, crime trends and other presentations with almost 500 people attending in 2024.

UWPD encourages students, faculty and staff to register their bicycles and electronics. [Registration is free and easy to complete online.](#)

The UWPD provides training in the fall to Resident Advisers (RAs) on security and, through the RA Fire Academy and may partner with University of Washington Environmental Health & Safety Department (EH&S) to provide fire safety training. Emergency preparedness presentations are also facilitated by [UW Emergency Management \(UWEM\) upon request or for special initiatives on preparedness.](#)

NightRide, Husky SafeTrip, and Hospital Public Safety Escorts

Free with a U-PASS, NightRide shuttles pick up passengers from 8 p.m. until 1:34 a.m. for the East Zone and from 8 p.m. until 1:39 a.m. for the West Zone, Monday through Friday (excluding University holidays and summer quarter). All shuttles are wheelchair accessible and operate every 20 minutes; every 30 minutes after midnight. Schedules are posted at each of the NightRide stops. For more information, visit the [NightRide website](#) or email shuttles@uw.edu. You can also track the shuttles in real time on your smartphone by downloading the Ride Systems app from the iOS or Google Play stores.

[Husky SafeTrip](#), formally known as NightWalk, provides safe transportation at night with a uniformed security guard for students, faculty and staff from campus to homes and public transit locations within the SafeTrip service area. SafeTrip is available by request 6:30 p.m. to 2 a.m. daily except for university holidays. Call 206-685-9255 to request services.

In 2024, UWPD changed the name of Husky NightWalk to Husky SafeTrip to help students and employees better understand the service, which is a ride with a UWPD security guard, not a walk.

The area Husky SafeTrip covers includes all UW Seattle buildings and UW's campus, the area east of campus to Roosevelt Way NE, up to NE Ravenna Boulevard. On the west, the boundaries extend to 25th Avenue NE, down to NE 45th Street (does not include University Village), over to 36th Avenue NE and down to the waterfront.

UW Medical Center Public Safety Officers provide escorts to nearby parking lots for UW Medical Center employees from the

main entrance on the third floor. This service is provided for free from 3:30 p.m. until 6 a.m., seven days a week. For more information, contact the UWMC on-duty security officer at 206-598-5555. A van service is also available for free from 5 p.m. to 1:30 a.m., Monday through Friday, and the pick-up point is at the main entrance on the third floor.



SafeCampus

The mission of SafeCampus is to foster a safe and secure UW campus community. UW faculty, staff and students work together to identify situations that might lead to violence. Early identification and intervention with appropriate resources or referrals to services can assist with coping strategies, reduce stress and/or resolve problematic situations and reduce the risk of violence occurring.

The Violence Prevention & Response Program (VPRP) acts as the central point of communication and the coordinating unit for violence mitigation activities across the UW. The VPRP is a partnership of key players in campus safety and violence prevention, including the Division of Campus Community Safety, Student Life, Human Resources, UW Bothell, UW Tacoma, UW and Harborview Medical Centers, UWPD, Academic Human Resources and the UW Graduate School.

When a situation of concern is reported, the VPRP team collaborates with affected UW departments to develop a coordinated response in order to mitigate the occurrence of violence on campus.

Trained professionals respond to calls and emails to SafeCampus and provide guidance and safety plans tailored to each individual's situation, discuss options and connect students, faculty and staff with additional resources. SafeCampus answers calls and emails Monday-Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m., excluding UW holidays. SafeCampus also provides a guide with 24/7 resources for campus community members seeking assistance after business hours.

To contact SafeCampus, call 206-685-7233 or email safecampus@uw.edu.

Safety of Minors

The University encounters over 250,000 minors annually as participants in UW sponsored or hosted educational, recreational, and research initiatives. In accordance with [RCW 26.44.031 Abuse of Children](#) and under [Executive Order No. 56 Reporting Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect](#), University employees and volunteers who have reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect must immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to law enforcement or the Department of Children, Youth and Families.

[LiveWell Confidential Advocates](#)

LiveWell offers confidential advocacy and support for students, faculty and staff impacted by sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking, sexual harassment and other related experiences. LiveWell Confidential Advocates are available to meet with individuals and help them understand their rights and options for reporting both on campus and in the larger community as well as assist with connecting to resources, academic advocacy and safety planning.

LiveWell is a safe and confidential starting point for University of Washington community members impacted by these issues. The LiveWell Confidential Advocates can be reached via email at lwadvoc@uw.edu or by phone at 206-543-6085. [You can also schedule an appointment online.](#)

Responsibilities of the UW Community

Members of the University community must assume responsibility for their personal safety and the security of their property. Please use the following guidelines to help keep you and property safe:

- Report all suspicious persons/circumstances to the UWPD immediately by dialing 911.
- Walk with a friend at night or use the Husky SafeTrip service, 206-685-9255.
- Do not allow tailgating (letting someone follow you through a locked door). Remember that residence halls are restricted to the students who live there and their guests.
- Engrave owner-applied numbers, such as a driver's license number, on items of value, especially if the items do not have serial numbers. [Register your electronic items and bikes with the UWPD.](#)
- Inventory your personal property and insure it with personal insurance coverage.
- Backup your computer data daily in case the machine is stolen.
- Lock up bicycles using proper locking procedures and a good quality lock, such as a U-lock.
- Lock car doors and close windows when leaving your car.
- If you know you will be returning to your vehicle when it's dark outside, use well-lit parking lots. Park under a streetlight.
- Do not leave valuables in your car. If you must, put these items in the trunk prior to your arrival at your destination.
- Carry only those items of value that you need on your person: e.g., limit the amount of cash and the number of credit cards, and never carry your Social Security card in your purse or wallet.
- Never leave valuables (wallets, purses, books, laptops, etc.) unattended and unsecured, even for a bathroom break.
- Always lock the door to your residence hall room, whether or not you are there. Keep windows closed and locked when you are not at home.
- Do not leave messages on your door advertising your departure or arrival times. This alerts thieves of your absence. Consider removing your name if it is posted on your door.



Hazing Prevention and Reporting

Introduction

The University of Washington has developed a comprehensive and engaging hazing prevention program designed to raise awareness and provide accessible reporting tools for all stakeholders.

This initiative aligns with both state and federal laws that prohibit hazing of students and employees. In response to these regulations, UW has implemented a range of policies, practices, services and programs in collaboration with partners across the UW system. Our goal is to cultivate a safe and inclusive environment where students and employees feel empowered to learn, grow and thrive as their authentic selves.

The University of Washington must ensure compliance with both state and federal laws, but we are interested in achieving more than minimum compliance. The University of Washington has been and continues to be a leader in hazing prevention efforts across the nation by establishing the Hazing Prevention and Response role, building multiple coalitions across the country and through strategic partnerships with stakeholders in the UW system and beyond.

Background

In 2022, the state of Washington adopted [Sam's Law](#), an anti-hazing law that aims to prevent hazing-related deaths and injuries by increasing awareness, promoting prevention efforts and holding individuals and organizations accountable for hazing activities.

In December of 2024, Congress enacted the Stop Campus Hazing Act, a bipartisan amendment to the Clery Act. The Stop Campus Hazing Act seeks to promote transparency, accountability and education in order to prevent hazing-related harm within colleges and universities. The Stop Campus Hazing Act establishes new institutional requirements to address and report hazing incidents on campus.

Definitions

The University of Washington utilizes the following definition for the purpose of Clery Act reporting and relies on [Sam's Law](#) to determine if an organization has committed a violation.

Hazing includes any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person or group, regardless of whether the victim consents, that:

- 1 Occurs during initiation, affiliation, or membership maintenance in a student organization.
- 2 Creates a risk (beyond ordinary activities) of physical or psychological injury, including:
 - Physical Abuse.
 - Forced consumption of substances.
 - Sleep deprivation, exposure to elements, or extreme calisthenics.
 - Sexual exploitation or coercion.
 - Threats and/or intimidation.
 - Any act violating local, state, tribal, or federal laws.

The Act defines a student organization as any group at a higher education institution –

including social clubs, societies, athletic teams, fraternities, sororities, bands, or student government – comprising of two or more enrolled students, whether officially recognized by the institution or not. While the SCHA provides a definition of hazing for the purposes of Clery Act reporting, the University of Washington uses the definition established under [Sam's Law](#) to determine whether a student organization has violated the university's conduct code. ([H.R.5646 – Stop Campus Hazing Act](#))

Education and Awareness

The University of Washington has comprehensive education and awareness programs for students and employees on hazing awareness and prevention, and how to report a concern.

Students

Hazing prevention education is required for all incoming students to complete during their orientation. ([RCW 28B.10.904](#))

The required training program, Hazing Prevention 101: College Edition™, is contracted through AliveTek to meet the requirements of state and federal law. For additional information, visit: <https://prevent.zone/hazing-prevention/#products>

In addition to the required education for all incoming students, the University of Washington has developed augmented hazing prevention workshops for student organizations, athletic teams, living groups, and more. Each program explores hazing and its prevention with greater nuance. For additional information, please visit: <https://www.washington.edu/hazingprevention/campus-programming/>

Employees

Hazing prevention education is required for all employees who receive wages from the institution and are in direct ongoing contact with students in a supervisory role or position of authority. ([RCW 28B.10.907](#))

The required training program, Hazing Prevention: It's Everyone's Responsibility™, is contracted through AliveTek to meet the requirements of state and federal law. For additional information, visit: <https://prevent.zone/hazing-prevention/#products>

While the law only requires training for employees who are in "...direct ongoing contact with students in a supervisory role or position of authority" ([RCW 28.10B.907](#)), the University of Washington has taken an expanded approach, and the University requires that all employees complete the training on an annual basis.

How to Report

The University of Washington provides multiple methods to report hazing concerns or allegations. UW employees, students and volunteers are encouraged to submit a report as soon as they are aware of or have experienced the alleged behavior.

UW Seattle campus reporting:

- Online: https://washington-advocate.symlicity.com/public_report/index.php/pid126206?
- UW Police Department: 911 or UWPD's non-emergency number, 206-685-8973
- Email: nohazing@uw.edu or cssc@uw.edu
- Anonymous Reporting: The UW, in partnership with RealResponse, has enabled stakeholders to report hazing

anonymously through texting. The goal is to increase a culture of reporting and remove barriers to making a report. To report via text messaging, text 206-203-3435. For email, message hazingreport@u.washington.edu.

Employees of UW, including student employees and volunteers that have a reasonable cause to believe that hazing has occurred should report it to the appropriate campus official or office. "Reasonable cause" could mean witnessing hazing or receiving a credible written or oral report alleging hazing or potential or planned hazing activity (RCW 28B.10.907).

The University encourages community members, parents, families and other stakeholders to report their concerns so we can review and determine whether the organization or athletic team has engaged in hazing behavior.

Hazing Investigation

On behalf of the University of Washington, the Office of Community Standards & Student Conduct (CSCS) on Seattle's campus is responsible for leading investigations of hazing allegations for all three campuses. Using guidelines established by the Association of Student Conduct Administrators (ASCA) Fraternity & Sorority Life Community of Practice, CSCS has established a robust investigation and adjudication process for hazing violations based on the organization type, athletic team, campus, or other nuances.

More information about the [hazing investigations and the investigation process](#) is available through the UW's Office of Community Standards & Student Conduct.

Transparency Report

The University of Washington maintains and [publicly reports](#) findings of hazing violations by any student organization, athletic team or living group. The report includes any violations of the code of conduct, anti-hazing policies, or state or federal laws relating to hazing or offenses related to alcohol, drugs, sexual assault or physical assault. ([RCW 28B.10.906](#))

Policy Statements relating to Sexual Assault, Domestic and Dating Violence (Intimate Partner Violence), and Stalking

1. University Policies and Code

The University of Washington is committed to establishing and maintaining a safe working and learning environment that is free from violence. The University has published policies describing its prevention and response processes related to sexual assault, domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence) and stalking.

[Student Conduct Code for the University of Washington](#)

Effective August 18, 2017; revised December 20, 2021.

Chapter 478-121 WAC Student Conduct Code for the University of Washington establishes rules under the Washington Administrative Code regarding student conduct and student discipline.

Sexual misconduct is prohibited by the code, which includes: Sexual assault, sexual harassment, sexual exploitation, indecent

exposure, stalking and intimate partner violence, including both dating and domestic violence.

The code also prohibits retaliation against those who file a complaint, grievance or allegation of misconduct under any university policy or rule or under any law; participate in and/or cooperate with an investigation; appear as a witness at a hearing; or oppose an unlawful act, discriminatory practice or policy.

[Executive Order No. 81 - Prohibiting Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct](#)

This order prohibits discrimination, harassment, sexual misconduct, and retaliation in University programs, activities, employment, education, and patient care. It applies to students, employees, and other University community members, including conduct occurring online or off campus when it affects access to a University program or activity.

The order defines prohibited conduct—including discriminatory harassment, sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, domestic and dating violence, sexual exploitation, and retaliation—and establishes consent requirements. Reports may be made to Civil Rights Compliance, including anonymously. Designated University personnel have required reporting responsibilities.

Civil Rights Compliance reviews reports and determines the appropriate response, which may include supportive or interim protective measures, informal resolution, or a formal investigation. The University provides required training, reasonable accommodations, and protections against retaliation. Violations are evaluated using a preponderance-of-the-evidence standard and may result in sanctions, corrective

action, or dismissal, while free speech and academic freedom remain protected.

[Executive Order No. 54 Employee - Student Romantic Relationships and Conflicts of Interest](#)

The University's policy regarding employees engaging in romantic relationships with students, actual or perceived conflicts of interest, and exercising authority over a student.

[Executive Order No. 56 Reporting Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect](#)

This policy prohibits child abuse. Suspected perpetrators of child abuse, including University employees, volunteers or students, may be removed from the premises and may be subject to arrest and criminal prosecution. Employees, volunteers or students who engage in child abuse in the workplace, or who use University facilities, property, or resources to engage in child abuse are subject to disciplinary action, including dismissal from employment, engagement, or from educational programs. Additionally, all University employees and volunteers who have reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect must immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to law enforcement or the Department of Social and Health Services. A child is anyone under the age of 18.

[Administrative Policy Statement \(APS\) 46.8 Providing Reasonable Accommodations and Time Off for Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Stalking or Hate Crime](#)

This policy applies to all University employees and addresses domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, and hate crime affecting the workplace. It prohibits domestic violence on University premises and allows perpetrators to be removed, arrested,

prosecuted, and subject to University discipline.

The policy provides eligible employees with reasonable paid or unpaid time off for legal assistance, medical or mental-health care, obtaining support services, and safety planning or relocation. Employees may also request reasonable safety accommodations—such as schedule or worksite changes, reassignment, security measures, or modified work arrangements—in response to actual or threatened violence. The University will protect confidentiality, may require appropriate verification, restore employees to their positions after leave, and prohibit retaliation or adverse employment action for exercising these rights. It also requires violence-prevention training and identifies SafeCampus, Human Resources, Campus Community Safety, confidential advocates, and other support resources.

[Workplace Violence Policy](#)

The University's Workplace Violence policy prohibits behavior, whether direct or through the use of University facilities, property or resources that: is violent; threatens to harm; harasses or intimidates others; interferes with an individual's legal rights of movement or expression; and/or disrupts the workplace, the academic environment or the University's ability to provide services to the public. These behaviors include intimate partner violence and stalking.

Definitions under the Violence Against Women Act (34 USC § 12291)

Domestic Violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim under the family or domestic violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant funding and, in the case of victim

services, includes the use or attempted use of physical abuse or sexual abuse, or a pattern of any other coercive behavior committed, enabled, or solicited to gain or maintain power and control over a victim, including verbal, psychological, economic, or technological abuse that may or may not constitute criminal behavior, by a person who —

(A) is a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, or person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim;

(B) is cohabitating, or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;

(C) shares a child in common with the victim; or

(D) commits acts against a youth or adult victim who is protected from those acts under the family or domestic violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Dating violence means violence committed by a person—

(A) Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and

(B) Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:

(i) The length of the relationship.

(ii) The type of relationship.

(iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Sexual Assault is any nonconsensual sexual act proscribed by Federal, tribal, or State law, including when the victim lacks capacity to consent.

Stalking means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—

(A) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or

(B) suffer substantial emotional distress.

(I) Definitions under the Washington State Criminal Code

The University prohibits the crimes of intimate partner violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking as defined in the Clery Act. Additionally, these behaviors may be crimes under the Washington State Criminal Code. Below are the relevant definitions under the criminal code.

Sexual Assault and Consent

Under Washington state criminal law, there is no crime of "sexual assault." Instead, crimes are classified as "Sexual Offenses." Another classification is "Assault," which also governs assault with a sexual motivation. See RCW 70.125.030(7) – "Sexual assault."

Following are the definitions of rape crimes under Washington state criminal law:

RCW 9A.44.040 – Rape in the first degree.

1. A person is guilty of rape in the first degree when such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person
 - a. By forcible compulsion where the perpetrator or an accessory:
 - i. Uses or threatens to use a deadly weapon or what appears to be a deadly weapon; or
 - ii. Kidnaps the victim; or
 - iii. Inflicts serious physical injury, including but not limited to physical injury which renders the victim unconscious; or

- iv. Feloniously enters into the building or vehicle where the victim is situated, or where the sexual intercourse occurs; or

- b. After the perpetrator or an accessory knowingly furnishes the victim with a legend drug, controlled substance, or controlled substance analog without the victim's knowledge and consent which renders the victim incapable of consent to sexual intercourse due to physical helplessness or mental incapacitation.

RCW 9A.44.050 – Rape in the second degree

1. A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first degree, the person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
 - a. By forcible compulsion;
 - b. When the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated;
 - c. When the victim is a person with a developmental disability and the perpetrator is a person who:
 - i. Has supervisory authority over the victim; or
 - ii. Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense;
 - d. When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual intercourse occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or

examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual intercourse with the knowledge that the sexual intercourse was not for the purpose of treatment;

- e. When the victim is a resident of a facility for persons with a mental disorder or substance use disorder and the perpetrator is a person who has supervisory authority over the victim; or
- f. When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who:
 - i. Has a significant relationship with the victim; or
 - ii. Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense.

RCW 9A.44.060 – Rape in the third degree.

- 1. A person is guilty of rape in the third degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first or second degrees, such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
 - a. Where the victim did not consent as defined in RCW 9A.44.010(7), to sexual intercourse with the perpetrator expressed by the victim's words or
 - b. Where there is threat of substantial unlawful harm to property rights of the victim.

RCW 9A.44.100 – Indecent liberties A person is guilty of indecent liberties when he or she knowingly causes another person to have sexual contact with him or her or another:

- a. By forcible compulsion;
- b. When the other person is incapable of consent by reason of being mentally defective, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless;
- c. When the victim is a person with a developmental disability and the perpetrator is a person who:
 - i. Has supervisory authority over the victim; or
 - ii. Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense;
- d. When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual contact occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual contact with the knowledge that the sexual contact was not for the purpose of treatment;
- e. When the victim is a resident of a facility for persons with a mental disorder or substance use disorder and the perpetrator is a person who has supervisory authority over the victim; or
- f. When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who:

- i. Has a significant relationship with the victim; or
- ii. Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense.

Domestic Violence and Intimate Partner Violence

RCW 7.105.010 – Domestic violence

"Domestic violence" includes, but is not limited to, a list of crimes under [RCW 7.105.010](#) when committed either by:

- a. One family or household member against another family or household member, or
- b. One intimate partner against another intimate partner:

"Family or household members" means;

- a. Persons related by blood, marriage, domestic partnership, or adoption;
- b. Persons who currently or formerly resided together;
- c. Persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren, or a parent's intimate partner and children; and
- d. A person who is acting or has acted as a legal guardian.

"Intimate partners" means:

- a. Spouses or domestic partners;
- b. Former spouses or former domestic partners;
- c. Persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been

married or have lived together at any time;

- d. Adult persons presently or previously residing together who have or have had a dating relationship;
- e. Persons 16 years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship; or
- f. Persons 16 years of age or older with whom a person 16 years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship.

Stalking

The crime of "stalking" is defined in RCW 9A.46.110 under the classification of crimes of "Harassment." There is also a separate crime of "Cyber Harassment" under RCW 9A.90.120 (Washington Cybercrime Act).

RCW 9A.46.110(1) – Stalking

(1)(a) A person commits the crime of stalking if, without lawful authority the person:

- (i) Intentionally and repeatedly harasses another person;
- (ii) Intentionally and repeatedly follows another person;
- (iii) Intentionally contacts, follows, tracks, or monitors, or attempts to contact, follow, track, or monitor another person after being given actual notice that the person does not want to be contacted, followed, tracked, or monitored; or
- (iv) Knowingly and without consent installs or monitors an electronic tracking device, or causes an electronic tracking device to be installed, placed, or used, to track the location of another person; and

(b) The person being harassed, followed, tracked, or monitored suffers substantial emotional distress or is placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure him or her, or another person, or his or her property or the property of another person, or, in the circumstances identified in (a)(iv), the victim's knowledge of the tracking device would reasonably elicit substantial emotional distress or fear. The feeling of substantial emotional distress or fear must be one that a reasonable person in the same situation would experience given the totality of the circumstances.

RCW 9A.90.120 – Cyber Harassment

A person is guilty of cyber harassment if the person, with intent to harass or intimidate any other person, and under circumstances not constituting telephone harassment, makes an electronic communication to that person or a third party and the communication:

(a)(i) Uses any lewd, lascivious, indecent, or obscene words, images, or language, or suggests the commission of any lewd or lascivious act;

(ii) Is made anonymously or repeatedly;

(iii) Contains a threat to inflict bodily injury immediately or in the future on the person threatened or to any other person; or

(iv) Contains a threat to damage, immediately or in the future, the property of the person threatened or of any other person; and

(b) With respect to any offense committed under the circumstances identified in (a)(iii) or (iv) of this subsection:

(i) Would cause a reasonable person, with knowledge of the sender's history, to suffer emotional distress or to fear for the safety of the person threatened; or

(ii) Reasonably caused the threatened person to suffer emotional distress or fear for the threatened person's safety.

2. Educational Programs and Campaigns

The University is committed to providing prevention and awareness programs to students and employees relating to domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), stalking, sexual assault and retaliation. These include primary prevention and awareness programs directed at incoming students and new employees and ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns directed at students and employees.

These programs and campaigns include information about:

- University policies prohibiting domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), stalking and sexual assault;
- The definitions of domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), stalking, sexual assault, and consent;
- Bystander intervention techniques;
- Risk reduction options to reduce perpetration and increase individual and community safety, and to empower individuals to act on their own behalf; and
- The rights, processes, and resources provided by the university.

These educational programs are evidence-based, culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs and informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness or outcome. These programs consider environmental risk and protective

factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institutional, community, and societal levels.

Title IX Publications

[Title IX Brochure](#)

The Title IX brochure provides resources to address sex- and gender-based violence, harassment, and discrimination. It covers the online Civil Rights and Title IX reporting form, available supportive measures, guidance on pregnancy and related conditions, and tips for supporting a colleague, student, or friend. The brochure is distributed annually to all on-campus student residents and to colleges, schools and academic and administrative departments.

[Know Your Rights and Resources Guide \(KYRR\)](#)

The KYRR is a comprehensive guide for staff, faculty or students who have experienced sexual assault, relationship or intimate partner violence, stalking, sexual harassment, or other types of sexual misconduct. It outlines immediate actions to consider taking after an assault and provides information about Civil Rights Case Managers, Confidential Advocates, supportive measures, resolution options, the University investigation process, and available safety, medical and mental health resources.

[Husky Prevention & Response \(HPR\)](#)

Husky Prevention & Response is a foundational, online course required for all new UW students and employees. Students and employees are assigned distinct versions of the course, and each course is tailored to their unique roles and responsibilities. The course provides content on recognizing sex- and gender-based violence and harassment and includes strategies for intervening or interrupting concerning behaviors. The course also

introduces support resources, how to respond with care, options for reporting or submitting complaints, and the UW policies that pertain to community commitments and expectations. The courses are managed by the Civil Rights Compliance Office.

[LiveWell: Center for Student Advocacy, Training, and Education](#)

LiveWell provides support, advocacy, consultation and education to the university campus community. LiveWell programs include Alcohol & Other Drug Consultation and Education, Suicide Intervention, Confidential Advocacy and Support, and Student Needs Navigation. LiveWell also consults with departments to help them create comprehensive education plans for their communities. They also participate in campuswide events and programming for the university community and provide statewide leadership in the field of prevention and education.

[LiveWell: Peer Health Educators](#)

LiveWell Peer Health Educators (PHEs) are highly trained UW students dedicated to educating their peers on various health and wellness topics through evidence-informed workshops, events and more. LiveWell PHEs facilitate evidence-informed educational workshops for the campus community on topics such as mental health, healthy relationships & dating, redefining sex, and alcohol and other drug education. PHEs also collaborate with UW fraternities and sororities to address and prevent sexual violence in that community.

[SafeCampus Training Program](#)

[Empowering Prevention & Inclusive Communities \(EPIC\) Program](#)

Empowering Prevention & Inclusive Communities (EPIC) is a peer-to-peer

program that trains academic student employees and postdocs to prevent sexual harassment and promote a more inclusive workplace. EPIC is jointly administered by SafeCampus and UAW 4121.

EPIC's goal is to respond to the needs of departments and communities and work to shift UW culture and create new community norms, empower academic student employees and postdoctoral scholars to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, and support academic student employees and postdoctoral scholars in identifying how power and identity intersect to create oppressions that facilitate sexual harassment and discrimination in academia.

[Bystander Intervention](#)

LiveWell, EPIC, SafeCampus and Title IX's Husky Prevention & Response all incorporate bystander intervention principles into their programming. These various programs are designed to address and prevent power-based interpersonal violence, including sexual violence. In LiveWell's Helpful Husky program, participants explore the motivations and reasons we often feel compelled to help, and why we sometimes choose not to help, learn the social psychology behind why and when we choose to intervene or not and learn and practice interactive dialogue to build Bystander Intervention Skills.

[New Student & Transfer Programs](#)

New Student & Transfer Programs offers new student orientation for all incoming undergraduate and transfer students. The 2026-2027 orientation included in-depth programming emphasizing bystander intervention, alcohol and other drug education and consent. International students also participate in a mandatory international student orientation session

before classes begin. All orientation leaders complete training on bystander intervention, alcohol and other drug education and consent. All new undergraduate students also receive a student planner with information about University policies, procedures and other pertinent information.

Throughout their first year at the university, students can participate in First-year Interest Groups (FIGS) covering a wide variety of specialized topics.

[U501](#)

University 501 (U501) is a self-guided, online resource designed for graduate and professional students at all three campuses and is intended to help prepare students for their arrival to and start at the University of Washington.

[Inter-collegiate Athletics](#)

The University provides regular training and educational programs designed for its student athletes relating to sexual violence, healthy relationships, alcohol and drug abuse, consent and interpersonal violence.

[Fraternities and Sororities](#)

Although fraternities and sororities are independent organizations located off-campus on property not owned or controlled by the University, there has been a longstanding and positive relationship between UW and the Greek community. The university enters into recognition agreements with fraternities and sororities that seek official recognition by UW. The university's recognition agreements include an educational programming section requiring each chapter to conduct at least one educational program on sexual assault and intimate partner violence, one program on controlled substance abuse awareness and one program on hazing prevention.

Additionally, fraternities and sororities, through the [Greeks Take Action](#) student-led organization, have collaborated with other groups, and on their own initiative, in sponsoring events, panels and trainings related to sexual assault in the Greek community.

3. Procedures Victims Should Follow in the Case of Alleged Intimate Partner Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

The University's [Civil Rights Compliance Office](#) website provides information about policies, education, prevention, reporting, and support resources. The [Civil Rights Compliance](#) website also includes the [Know Your Rights & Resources Guide](#), which includes information about resources and university processes. In addition, the University maintains a [Sexual Assault Resources website](#) for those impacted by sexual assault, domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), stalking, and sexual harassment. This website includes information about the available resources, reporting options, and university policies and procedures. Following are the steps an individual who has experienced sex- or gender-based violence may take.

Contact the [Civil Rights Compliance Office](#) or the [University's Confidential Advocates](#)

An individual who has experienced harm has the right to report sexual misconduct to the University, to the police, to both, or not at all.

Students, faculty and staff who have experienced sex or gender-based violence or harassment are encouraged to make a Civil Rights & Title IX Report to connect with a Civil Rights Case Manager. If they prefer to discuss their experience confidentially first, they are encouraged to consider contacting a University confidential advocate.

Civil Rights Case Managers help students, staff and faculty understand their options and navigate concerns related to discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct. Case Managers collaborate with individuals to identify the best way to address their Civil Rights and Title IX concerns including identifying available support options, assessing for immediate safety concerns, coordinating supportive measures, providing information on resolution options, including Alternative Dispute Resolution and University investigations and offering referrals to additional resources, including confidential advocacy. Individuals can consult with a Case Manager and receive support regardless of whether they choose to file a complaint or request a University investigation. The Civil Rights Compliance Office strives to protect the privacy of individuals involved in Title IX matters. [Learn more at What Happens After Reporting.](#)

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive, individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge. Supportive measures may include modifications of course-related deadlines, changes in work or class schedules, changes in work or housing and other actions. Supportive measures may be available even if no investigative or alternative resolution process is occurring, or no report is made to law enforcement. A Mutual No Communication Directive (MNCD) is a type of supportive measure intended to limit or prevent two communications between two individuals. They are not intended to discipline, punish, or prevent anyone from accessing their educational or workplace environments.

Confidential advocates can provide a confidential trauma-informed place to discuss sexual assault, relationship violence, stalking and other sexual misconduct. Confidential advocates are available during

regular business hours at no cost. When meeting with an advocate, an individual can share as little or as much information as they choose. Advocates can help individuals understand their rights and options. They can support the creation of a safety plan, explain supportive measures, review housing options, share information about University resolution options and police reporting process, and offer support throughout the process. They also connect individuals with additional resources, including legal and mental health and help obtain civil protection orders. A protection order, also commonly called a restraining order, is a civil court order issued by a judge to protect you from harm by another person.

Disclosures made to a confidential advocate do not constitute a formal complaint to the University for the purposes of initiating an investigation, but advocates will provide information to individuals about how to make a complaint if they wish to do so.

Advocates have limitations to confidentiality upon learning of:

- Abuse and neglect of a child under the age of 18;
- Elder abuse or the abuse of a disabled adult; and/or
- A plan for suicide or harm to others.

Confidential advocates may also be required to disclose information that is otherwise protected from disclosure in response to a valid subpoena or court order.

Seek Medical Care and Sexual Assault Medical Exams

Medical care after experiencing sexual assault or intimate partner violence may be helpful for treating or preventing illness and injury. It is also a way to preserve evidence. Generally, you may want to get medical care

as soon as possible. If you have been sexually assaulted, medical providers can offer:

- A physical exam that will identify any injuries.
- Emergency contraception to prevent pregnancy.
- Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI) testing.
- Medication (prophylaxis) to prevent contracting HIV and other STIs.
- Testing to determine if you were given a sedating substance or other drug.

Not all hospitals provide forensic exams/rape kits. If you are interested in evidence collection, as well as medical care, you must go to a hospital with trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE). SANE nurses are specially trained to provide specialized care for patients who have been sexually assaulted or experienced strangulation in the context of relationship violence.

Important things to know:

- You are not required to make a police report to get a SANE exam.
- There is no charge for a SANE exam.
- You may bring a friend or family member with you.
- Preserving evidence keeps your options open in case you decide to report.
- It is recommended to be treated as soon as possible; evidence is best collected within 120 hours (five days) of the assault.

Information relating to local hospitals and SANE nurses is available on the [Sexual Assault Resources website](#) and in the Know Your Rights & Resources Guide.

Seek Support for Safety Planning

Confidential advocates can also provide support in safety planning. In addition to safety planning, an advocate can assist a person who has experienced harm by assisting with the implementation of supportive measures, as described above. SafeCampus is also available to assist with short-term safety planning.

Seek Counseling

For support, the University offers several options for counseling services. Counseling may help an individual recover from a traumatic experience.

For Students

[Husky Assist](#)

Husky Assist is a mobile, dedicated team of mental health responders who can come to students, faculty and staff in distress on campus to provide immediate support. Husky Assist is a good option when the situation is such that the impacted person would benefit from the help coming to them. There is no cost for this service. The team can be dispatched through UWPD dispatch, 206-543-9331, or any number for UWPD. The team is available Monday-Friday (non-holidays) from 11am-8pm.

[UW Counseling Center](#)

The Counseling Center offers short-term counseling services at no out-of-pocket cost to students.

Phone: 206-543-1240

[Husky HelpLine](#)

If you are in crisis and need to talk to someone, UW's Husky HelpLine (formerly MySSP) provides 24/7 confidential support for students from licensed mental health counselors. Support is available in more than 150 languages.

Phone: Call 206-616-7777 (if you are calling from outside the US or Canada, dial 001-416-380-6578)

Online Chat: Chat with a Telus counselor on the [Telus website](#) or go on the Telus app ([Apple App Store](#) | [Google Play](#)).

For Employees

[Husky Assist](#)

Husky Assist is a mobile, dedicated team of mental health responders who can come to students, faculty and staff in distress on campus to provide immediate support. Husky Assist is a good option when the situation is such that the impacted person would benefit from the help coming to them. There is no cost for this service. The team can be dispatched through UWPD dispatch, 206-543-9331, or any number for UWPD. The team is available Monday-Friday (non-holidays) from 11am-8pm.

[Washington State Employee Assistance Program](#)

The Washington State Employee Assistance Program (WA EAP) supports PEBB-eligible University of Washington employees and their household members to help identify and resolve personal concerns to promote individual and workplace wellbeing.

WA EAP includes free, confidential access to guidance consultants who provide:

- Counseling
- Legal advice
- Financial guidance
- Eldercare assistance
- Work/life solutions
- Consultation for managers and supervisors
- Critical and traumatic incident response services
- Resources and growth opportunities

Phone: 877-313-4455

For counseling services that are billed to medical insurance:

[Harborview Abuse & Trauma Center](#)

Phone: 206-744-1600 (TTY: 206-744-1616)

State law protects the confidentiality of counseling relationships; however, counselors also have limitations on confidentiality when on notice of:

- Abuse and neglect of a child under the age of 18;
- Elder abuse or the abuse of a disabled adult; and/or
- A plan for suicide or harm to others.

Information retained in healthcare records that is otherwise protected from disclosure may be subject to disclosure in response to a valid subpoena or court order.

Seek Disability Accommodations

If a person who has experienced harm due to sex- or gender-based violence and is also experiencing impacts of a medical condition (including an existing condition), they may wish to consider seeking accommodations through the disability services offices:

[Disability Resources for Students](#)

For students enrolled at the UW Seattle campus.

Phone: 206-543-8924 (Voice and Relay)

Email: uwdrs@uw.edu

[Disability Services Office](#)

For members of the public, all University employees and non-matriculated students enrolled at UW Seattle

Phone: 206-543-6450 (TTY: 206-543-6452)

Email: dso@uw.edu

Consider Making a Complaint to the University

Talking to a Civil Rights Case Manager or a Confidential Advocate are the best ways to learn more about the option of making a complaint to the University. The University provides procedures for the investigation and resolution of complaints relating to domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), sexual assault, stalking, sexual harassment or retaliation. The University will respond to complaints regardless of whether a report is filed with a local law enforcement agency.

The Universities Civil Rights Compliance Office is responsible for investigating allegations that a University student has violated the sexual misconduct provisions of the Student Conduct Code or a University employee has violated Executive Order No. 81. This includes complaints involving

students, faculty and other academic personnel, staff, Academic Student Employees, and student employees. You can make a Civil Rights & Title IX Report to contact the Civil Rights Compliance Office and learn how to submit a complaint.

How to Make a Civil Rights and Title IX Report:

Online: [Make a report](#)

Phone: 206-221-7932

Email: civilrights@uw.edu

Consider Reporting to Law Enforcement

The UWPD supports members of the University community with its Sexual Assault Response Commitment that pledges to assist with courtesy, sensitivity and professionalism. Reporting the incident to the police is always an option, regardless of the availability of evidence.

The UWPD also has long, collaborative relationships with the Seattle Police Department and the King County Sheriff's Office. These departments have a memorandum of understanding that confirms and clarifies this collaboration, including how these departments share information.

Seek Supportive or Interim Protective Measures

If a person who experienced sexual misconduct decides to report this information to the University or to the UWPD, the University will offer supportive measures to ensure access to the educational and work environment. If a complaint is made and a University investigation opens, the University will evaluate and may implement interim protective measures designed so that the complainant can avoid contact with the

other person while an investigation is ongoing. The types of interim protective measures that University can put in place during an investigation will depend on the individual's unique circumstances and needs as well as the impacts on the other person.

Options may include, but are not limited to:

- Issuing a mutual no communication directive that prohibits communication between a complainant and respondent;
- Reassignment of any university housing of a student respondent; and/or
- Adjusting campus work or academic schedules.

Seek Other University and Community Resources

The University has a variety of other services available including legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and student financial aid assistance. Information about available services at the University and in the local community can also be obtained from a confidential advocate, SafeCampus, the Civil Rights Compliance Office or on the [Sexual Assault Resource webpage](#).

4. Procedures the University Will Follow in the Case of Alleged Domestic and Dating Violence (Intimate Partner Violence), Sexual Assault, or Stalking

When students or employees report to the Civil Rights Compliance Office that they have experienced sexual assault, domestic or dating violence or stalking, they will be provided with the Know Your Rights & Resources Guide which provides written notification of:

- Information about preserving evidence, which may be necessary to the proof of a crime or in obtaining a protection order;
- How to formally request an investigation of the alleged offense, including options regarding law enforcement and campus authorities and their options to:
 - notify proper law enforcement authorities, including on-campus and local police;
 - receive assistance in notifying law enforcement authorities if they choose; and
 - decline to notify such authorities;
- Their rights and the university's responsibilities regarding protection orders, no contact orders, restraining orders, or similar lawful orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court;
- Formal complaint and investigation procedures for allegations of domestic violence, intimate partner violence, sexual assault, or stalking, all of which will
 - Provide a prompt, fair and impartial investigation and resolution;
 - be conducted by officials who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, intimate partner violence, sexual assault, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation and hearing process that protects the safety of those involved and promotes accountability;
- provide the complainant and respondent with the same opportunities to have others present during a disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice;
- simultaneously inform the complainant and the respondent, in writing, of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding; the university's procedures for the complainant and respondent to appeal the results of the disciplinary proceeding, if available; of any change to the results that occurs prior to the time that such results become final; and when the results become final.
- Possible sanctions or remedial measures that the university may impose following a final determination of an disciplinary procedure;
- Information about how the university will protect confidentiality and/or privacy, including how publicly available recordkeeping will be accomplished without the inclusion of identifying information, to the extent permissible by law;
- Information about existing health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, and other services both on-campus and in the community;
- Options for, and available assistance in, changing academic, living, transportation and working situations, if requested, and if such accommodations are reasonably available, regardless of whether they

choose to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

Anyone who has concerns that they have not appropriately received this information should contact:

Valery Richardson

Associate Vice President for Civil Rights
Compliance and Title IX Coordinator
civilrights@uw.edu

Privacy and Recordkeeping

Records retained by University offices may be subject to disclosure under Chapter 42.56 RCW, the Washington State Public Records Act, unless otherwise protected from disclosure by law. Some information, such as healthcare information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) or other state laws, student records protected by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), or information that is otherwise exempt from the Public Records Act, will not be subject to disclosure under that Act.

Information retained in University records that is otherwise protected from disclosure may be subject to disclosure pursuant to a valid subpoena or court order.

In accordance with the Clery Act, the University must also disclose statistical information relating to crimes of domestic violence, relationship violence, stalking and sexual assault in its annual security report and issue timely warnings. This reporting is done without disclosing personally identifying information relating to the victim of such crimes, including information likely to disclose the location of the victim.

Procedures for University Investigation and Disciplinary Action

The process the University follows to investigate and resolve a complaint depends on the relationship to the University of the person against whom the complaint is made.

The University's processes for investigation and resolution of complaints against employees, generally, and faculty, specifically are contained in the following:

[Title IX Procedures for Executive Order 81](#)

[General Procedures for Executive Order 81](#)

[Faculty Code and Governance](#), Chapters 25–28

The University's processes for investigation and resolution of complaints against students are described in the following:

Chapter 478-121 WAC - Student Conduct Code for the University of Washington

Investigations are designed to address allegations promptly, fairly, and impartially, providing resolution options when – and if – appropriate. The investigation process also equitably protects the rights of participating individuals. Complainants and respondents may be supported by an adviser, who may be an attorney, throughout the process. The following is general information about the investigation process.

The individuals who conduct university investigations, preside over university hearings and decide appeals receive, at a minimum, receive annual training on issues related to domestic and dating violence (intimate partner violence), stalking, sexual

assault and retaliation; they also received training on conducting investigations and/or hearings that foster safety, ensure equitable treatment of the parties, and promote accountability.

If an individual is interested in requesting an investigation, which includes filing a complaint, they will meet with a Civil Rights Case Manager. At this first meeting, the Case Manager will provide information about any applicable grievance, investigation and adjudication processes, including the complainant's rights and options under relevant University policies. The Case Manager will also gather information about the complaint. After initial review of the complaint, the complainant will be informed of any resolution options or other action the University will take, including whether an investigation will be opened.

Regardless of whether an investigation is opened, the University may consider and implement supportive measures as reasonable, available, and/or requested. Such measures may include changing academic, living, transportation and/or working arrangements as well as taking steps to limit contact between the individuals involved. As necessary, investigators will consult with the Title IX Coordinator, SafeCampus or confidential advocates if they learn those individuals participating in an investigation are experiencing concerns related to physical safety.

When an investigation is opened, the individual whose conduct is the basis of the allegations is provided with a written explanation of their rights and options under relevant University policies, information about applicable investigation and grievance processes and a notice of the allegations made against them. The assigned investigator will gather evidence, conduct

interviews of the complainant, respondent and witnesses. During the investigation, the complainant and the respondent have the opportunity to identify witnesses, provide the investigator with evidence and suggest additional evidence the investigator may want to obtain. The university strives to complete investigations within reasonable time frames. This time frame may require an extension depending on the complexity of the matter or where the investigation falls in relation to the academic calendar (i.e. not requiring witnesses be interviewed during finals) and/or to coordinate with law enforcement if a complaint was also filed with police.

The University uses a "preponderance of evidence" standard to determine whether a violation of University policy has occurred. This "preponderance of evidence" standard means that in order for a respondent to be held responsible for a violation of University policy, it must be concluded, based on all of the evidence in the record, that it is more likely than not the respondent engaged in an act or acts prohibited by University policy.

For investigations conducted in accordance with the 2020 U.S. Department of Education's federal Title IX regulations, the process for employee respondents will follow that which is outlined in the Title IX companion procedures to Executive Order No. 81.

Investigations for student respondents will proceed in accordance with the Student Conduct Code.

Investigating offices and those otherwise involved in a hearing process maintain, to the extent possible, privacy with respect to information provided to and learned about during an investigation. If others have a legitimate educational or business need to know, they may receive limited information.

Some information relevant to the investigation may be protected from disclosure, such as healthcare information protected by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), witness names, or student records protected by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

Available Sanctions

Sanctions are determined and implemented in accordance with the policies and processes that govern the Respondent's relationship with the University (e.g. student, union contract, Faculty Code). Sanctions may include components that are educational and restorative as well as punitive. Some conduct, however, is so egregious in nature or so damaging to the educational or workplace environment that it requires more serious sanctions, up to and including termination for employees or dismissal for students. The available sanctions depends on the relationship to the University of the person against whom the complaint is made:

- Sanctions which may be imposed against faculty are set forth in the Faculty Code;
- Sanctions which may be imposed against students are set forth in Chapter 478-121 WAC, Student Conduct Code for the University of Washington and the companion policies, Student Governance and Policies Chapters 209 and 210;
- Sanctions which may be imposed against contract classified staff and other represented University employees are set forth in the relevant University of Washington labor contract;

- Sanctions which may be imposed against classified non-union staff are set forth in Title 357 WAC and in the Corrective Action Policy for Permanent Classified Non-Union Staff;
- Sanctions which may be imposed against those in librarian appointments are set forth in the Librarian Personnel Code; and
- Sanctions against other individuals will depend on the nature of their relationship with the University.
- Individuals may also be removed from University premises, temporarily or permanently banned from University premises and/or subject to arrest and/or criminal prosecution.

Sex Offenders

In accordance to the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, the Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 and Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (42 U.S.C. 16921), the University of Washington provides a [link to the Washington State Sex Offender Registry](#). All sex offenders are required to register in the State of Washington. Institutions of higher education in Washington are notified if that person is employed, carries a vocation or is a student at that institution.

In addition, all sex offenders are required to deliver written notice of their status as a sex offender to the University of Washington Vice President of Campus Community Safety no later than three (3) business days prior to their enrollment in, employment with, volunteering at or residence at the University of Washington.

Upon receiving notification the University may disseminate public notice to, and for the safety and well-being of, the campus community, and may be considered by the University of Washington for enrollment and discipline purposes.

Alcohol and Illegal Drugs

The University is committed to maintaining a campus environment that is free of illicit drugs (or controlled substances) and alcohol. Accordingly, the consumption of alcoholic beverages by students and employees on University property, except in accordance with appropriate state of Washington liquor license procedures, is prohibited. Further, the unlawful possession, use, distribution or manufacture of alcohol or controlled substances (as defined in Chapter 69.50 RCW) on the University campus or during University-sponsored activities is prohibited (Chapter 478-124 WAC). Violation of these alcohol and drug prohibitions will be the basis for University disciplinary or other appropriate action.

Generally, possession, sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages are not permitted on campus. The exceptions are:

1. Meetings or other functions when a state banquet permit has been obtained – applications are available in the Office of the Committee on the Use of University Facilities and the permit is issued pursuant to regulations of the University and the Washington State Liquor Control Board, or
2. By those of legal drinking age in residence hall rooms or apartments with the doors closed. Kegs or other common-source containers are never allowed in the residence halls. As prescribed by

state law, it is illegal to sell alcohol without a permit, and no one under age 21 is permitted to consume alcohol.

The [Alcohol and Drug Abuse Policy of the University of Washington is found in Administrative Policy Statement 13.7 available online](#). Students and employees who are found to be in violation of this stated prohibition may be subject to arrest and conviction under the applicable criminal laws of local municipalities, the state of Washington or the United States. Conviction can result in sanctions including probation, fines and imprisonment. Students found in violation of this stated prohibition are also subject to discipline in accordance with the requirements and procedures of the Student Conduct Code (CH. 478-120 WAC). Discipline may include probation or dismissal from the University.

The UWPD enforces federal, state, local and University regulations governing drugs and alcohol. Underage drinking is not tolerated and laws governing such will be enforced, including arrest, citation and/or referral to the Office of Community Standards and Student Conduct.

LiveWell: Alcohol Education and Intervention Services

The University of Washington is a national leader in the development, implementation and evaluation of brief interventions and other prevention efforts to reduce alcohol-related harm and consequences. Through close collaboration with the research teams involved in the development of these programs, LiveWell plays an important part in bringing evidence-based and empirically-supported approaches to the UW community, as well as supervision and provision of workshops offered to students. Additionally, LiveWell supports other providers through trainings in brief

intervention approaches, provision of referral information and consultation services. Referrals can be made and students can choose to meet with the Alcohol and Other Drug Coordinator to discuss their individual use and any concerns or questions they may have. You can schedule an appointment with the LiveWell Specialist by emailing lwaod@uw.edu.

Education and prevention programs addressing alcohol and other drugs are available for students (e.g., for students in fraternities and sororities, Freshman Interest Groups, residence halls, etc.) through LiveWell Peer Health Educators. For a complete list of health promotion programs and services email lwpeer@uw.edu or visit the [website](#).

[Hall Health Primary Care Center](#) offers assessments and referral for alcohol and other drug-related problems. Additionally, substance use evaluations are available through the [Psychological Services and Training Center](#). For details, please call 206-543-6511.

Husky Assist: Substance Use Response

The Husky Assist mobile response team can respond in the moment to students, faculty and staff with substance use concerns and work to connect them to care and support. Husky Assist is a great resource when the help needs to come to the person in distress on the UW Seattle campus. The team can be dispatched by calling 206-543-9331, or any number used to connect to the UWPD. You can learn more about these services on their [website](#).

Health Risks

The [National Institute on Drug Abuse](#) provides extensive information on

commonly abused drugs. It includes the drug street names, commercial names, common forms, common ways taken, DEA schedule and possible health effects.

Federal Drug Laws

In addition to significant health risks, the possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are provided for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The Drug Enforcement Administration [Drugs of Abuse guide](#) includes an overview of possible federal penalties.

[Denial of Federal Benefits \(21 USC §862 and 20 USC 1091 \(r\) \(1\)\)](#)

A state or federal drug conviction while enrolled and receiving Title IV aid may result in the loss of federal benefits, including school loans, grants, contracts and licenses. Federal drug trafficking convictions may result in denial of federal benefits for up to five years for a first conviction, and up to 10 years for a second conviction. Drug traffickers become permanently ineligible for federal benefits upon a third conviction. Federal drug convictions for possession may result in denial of federal benefits for up to one year for a first conviction and up to five years for a second or subsequent conviction.

[Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate \(21 USC §853\)](#)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure may be issued and property seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC §841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The list above is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are often twice as severe. If death or serious bodily injury results from the use of a controlled substance that has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance can face a prison term up to life imprisonment and fines ranging up to \$20 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a university (21 USC §860) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the first offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year. Mandatory minimum sentencing does not apply to offenses involving five grams or less of marijuana.

Federal Drug Penalties for Simple Possession (21 USC §844)

Persons convicted on federal charges of unlawfully possessing any controlled substances face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a minimum fine of \$1,000 or both. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$5,000. Special sentencing provisions for possession of a mixture or substance which contains cocaine base impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a minimum fine of \$1,000, or both, if:

1. it is a first conviction and the amount of cocaine base substance possessed exceeds 5 grams;
2. it is a second conviction and the amount of cocaine base substance possessed exceeds 3 grams; or,
3. it is a third or subsequent cocaine base substance conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Special sentencing provisions for simple possession of Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol, "roofies" or "roaches") impose a prison term of not more than 3 years, a fine as outlined above, or both.

[Washington State Drug Laws \(RCW 69.50\)](#)

The following is a partial list of illicit drugs considered to be controlled substances by the State of Washington: Narcotics (opium and cocaine, and all drugs extracted, derived or synthesized from opium and cocaine, including crack cocaine and heroin); Methamphetamine; Barbiturates; and Hallucinogenic Substances (LSD, peyote, mescaline, psilocybin, PCP).

1. A controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II which is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers, classified in Schedule IV, is guilty of a class B felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or (i) fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars if the crime involved less than two kilograms of the drug, or both such imprisonment and fine; or (ii) if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug, then fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars for the first two kilograms and not more than fifty dollars for each gram in excess of two kilograms, or both such imprisonment and fine;

2. Amphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, or methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, is guilty of a class B felony and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or (i) fined not more than twenty-five thousand dollars if the crime involved less than two kilograms of the drug, or both such imprisonment and fine; or (ii) if the crime involved two or more kilograms of the drug, then fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars for the first two kilograms and not more than fifty dollars for each gram in excess of two kilograms, or both such imprisonment and fine. Three thousand dollars of the fine may not be suspended. As collected, the first three thousand dollars of the fine must be deposited with the law enforcement agency having responsibility for cleanup of laboratories, sites, or substances used in the manufacture of the methamphetamine, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. The fine moneys deposited with that law enforcement agency must be used for such clean-up cost;
3. Any other controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to [Chapter 9A.20 RCW](#);
4. A substance classified in Schedule IV, except flunitrazepam, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to [Chapter 9A.20 RCW](#); or
5. A substance classified in Schedule V, is guilty of a class C felony punishable according to [Chapter 9A.20 RCW](#).

More severe penalties are provided for persons convicted of providing controlled

substances to minors, to repeat offenses and to offenses on or near schools or parks.

Special Note Regarding Marijuana: Marijuana remains illegal for minors (persons under 21 years of age) to possess, sell or use and is illegal to possess for a person of any age in amounts over 28.3 grams. Marijuana remains illegal under federal law and policies concerning marijuana at the University remain unchanged. It is illegal to produce, distribute or use marijuana on University property or during University-sponsored activities.

Emergency Management

Coordinated by the UW Office of Emergency Management (UWEM), the University of Washington regularly updates and revises its emergency operations plans. These plans provide the basic framework for the coordination of all elements and phases of emergency operations in the event of a crisis or incident that affects the normal operations of the University – including natural, technological and human-caused disasters. Emergency operations plans are developed to support coordination and management efforts for emergencies. These plans address the possible impacts of identified hazards and establishes an incident management system that is structured to save lives, protect property, safeguard the environment and continue the primary mission of the University. In addition, per APS 13.2, all University departments, units and colleges are responsible for coordinating with the Business, Academic, and Research Continuity (BARC) program to develop continuity plans for their areas of responsibility.



Emergency Response and Community Notification of Immediate Threats

When a serious threat to campus safety occurs, the UWPD coordinates with other first responders, which may include the Seattle Fire Department, Seattle Police Department, UW Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S) and/or UW Emergency Management (UWEM), to properly mitigate the threat to the campus. Depending on the nature and size of the incident, other local, state and federal agencies might be called upon to assist.

UWPD officers will investigate all reported incidents and determine if the incident poses an immediate threat to the University community.

In some cases, an immediate threat may be confirmed by another entity, such as the National Weather Service (e.g., in cases of extreme weather), Environmental Health & Safety Department (e.g., in cases of hazardous materials spills) or Husky Health.

If the incident is confirmed as posing an immediate threat, a UWPD supervisor will convene the UW's Crisis Communications Team. In incidents involving immediate life-

safety risk, UWPD may send an alert prior to convening the Crisis Communication Team.

Any member of the Crisis Communication Team may also convene the team, which includes representation from multiple areas of campus. The Crisis Communication Team will determine the content of the message and send the message to the campus community.

The University of Washington has developed [UW Alert](#) to disseminate official information during emergencies or crisis situations that may disrupt the normal operation of the UW or threaten the health or safety of members of the UW community.

All UW students and employees are automatically subscribed to UW Alerts via email. Student phone numbers from the Student Profile account for each student and phone numbers for students living in Seattle residence halls are also added to the UW Alert system for text messages.

Using the UW Alert system, the Crisis Communication Team may send notifications through a variety of channels, including email, text message, and a message on the recorded emergency information line 206-UWS-INFO (897-4636).

UW Alert and UW Advisory messages are also posted on the UW's homepage and the [UW Alert blog](#). Notifications are also posted on Facebook and X.

In addition, the University has an outdoor speaker system called UW Outdoor Alert, capable of conveying announcements to outdoor spaces on campus.

If a threat is limited to a particular area or particular group of persons, the University may elect to send notifications only to those it believes may be affected. The Crisis Communication Team may collaborate to make this determination.

The University also hosts, supports and regularly tests its virtual and physical Emergency Operations Center (EOC) that are equipped to support the entire institution during and after a major incident, event or disaster. The physical EOC is located immediately off-campus and has capacity for 80-100 university officials and partner organizations for in-person coordination of efficient response and recovery efforts. The EOC has redundant communications and utility systems and other specialized tools to enhance and support field response elements, including a back-up EOC located on east campus. UWEM staff are responsible for day-to-day maintenance and upkeep of the EOC.

Emergency Planning and Procedures

University of Washington Emergency Management (UWEM) maintains procedures and provides information to help units plan for campus-wide major incidents that may affect the campus briefly or for an extended period of time (several hours to days or longer). UWEM coordinates University emergency planning, mitigation, preparedness and response and recovery efforts. Additionally, UWEM acts as the primary liaison between the University and other outside government (city, county, state) emergency management agencies. UWEM promotes an annual announced earthquake preparedness drill each academic year, usually as part of the nationwide Great ShakeOut exercise. All faculty, staff and students are encouraged to participate. As part of this drill, units are instructed to drop, cover and hold-on. Units may also evacuate, assemble outside and exercise communication procedures.

UWEM also conducts Emergency Operations Center (EOC) regular exercises and trainings each academic year. UWEM supports training and exercise programs with UW

Tacoma and UW Bothell. UWEM also participates in activities with the UW Medicine system. UWEM has adopted a departmental model of the Incident Command System, allowing UW departments to act within their normal scope of work and chain of command. UWEM coordinates with individual units in response, the Executive Emergency Group for policy-level decision making, and external partners. UWEM hosts after-action reviews for each incident and exercise, and tracks identified areas for improvement. The UW Preparedness Oversight Committee provides guidance and strategic direction for the University's overall emergency, disaster management and business continuity programs. Members include representatives from key UW operational and academic units across the three campuses. More information about UWEM may be found at the [UWEM website](#).

Emergency Evacuation Training

The Environmental Health & Safety Department (EH&S) conducts building emergency evacuation planning and provides model fire safety and evacuation plans and assists administrators to develop specific emergency plans for their buildings. The model evacuation plan includes procedures for all anticipated building emergencies, and accounts for persons with disabilities. The purpose is to help assure that departments take appropriate action, evacuate, account for personnel, and communicate with emergency services. More information about [EH&S emergency preparedness services may be found online](#).

If an incident occurs in a building that may affect the safety, health and well-being of its occupants or nearby population (active shooter, bomb threats and suspicious mail, demonstrations/protests, earthquake, elevator failure, explosion/fire, hazardous

materials spill, medical emergencies, natural gas or other odors, plumbing failure/flooding, power failure, workplace violence, etc.), follow the emergency procedures for your building. Emergency first responders, including but not limited to UWPD, Seattle Fire and/or Seattle Police or a University official in person or via UW Alert, UW Outdoor Alert towers (blue phone towers), or other electronic notification methods can update evacuees whether it is safe to partially or fully reoccupy a building or whether the plan is to seek safe shelter at other locations. Due to the unpredictable nature of emergency situations, such as active violence or a building damaged beyond safe evacuation, occupants of a building may need to shelter in place for their personal safety. Any emergency situation can be dynamic and prevent you from following exact evacuation routes prescribed for your building; variance may be required for safety. In the examples of active violence (e.g., a shooting happening right now) or an earthquake where a route may be impassable, evacuees may have to alter their evacuation route for safety. Evacuees should follow the directions of emergency first responders (police or fire) when they encounter them on scene. Specific instruction may be given to report to a building assembly point, gather at a designated on-campus [Mass Assembly Area](#) or evacuate the campus entirely. Alternately, instruction may be given to the UW community and the general public to take shelter where they are (shelter-in-place) or at a designated area or building.

EH&S provides training to Housing & Food Services staff, specifically Resident Advisers (RAs) and Resident Directors (RDs) on emergency procedures, fire safety systems and evacuation planning during annual Residential Life staff training. The RAs, in turn, educate the students on evacuation

procedures during their residence hall meetings at the start of each school year.

These procedures are reviewed and practiced during each emergency drill. EH&S, assisted by UWPD, conducts unannounced evacuation drills for all on-campus student housing each quarter. The first emergency drill is conducted within ten days of the beginning of instruction. These drills include Housing & Food Services staff and are periodically attended by the Seattle Fire Department (SFD). SFD responds to all building alarms and will be on scene to communicate with students and staff. EH&S also provides training to academic departments for evacuation wardens and plans and facilitates evacuation drills in most buildings across campus. All major buildings are posted with emergency and evacuation procedures and evacuation route maps that illustrate the outdoor assembly point. A number of campus Mass Assembly Areas have been designated and may be used if a building assembly point is unsafe.

These Mass Assembly Areas are located outdoors away from buildings and utilities that may present a risk after a major earthquake or other major incident.

Timely Warnings

A Timely Warning is a notification to the campus community concerning the occurrence of a Clery reportable crime that poses a serious or ongoing threat. Timely Warning messages, which at the UW are called a Notification of Criminal Incident, may be sent out regarding arson, burglary, homicide, robbery, aggravated assault, a hate crime, sexual assault or other sexual offenses. Each incident is considered on a case-by-case basis, depending on the facts of the case and the information currently available.

The UWPD Chief of Police or designee reviews UWPD reports and other incidents occurring on or near the University of Washington campus in Seattle to determine if there is an ongoing threat and if the distribution of a Timely Warning is warranted. The Associate Vice President for Media Relations and Communications, in partnership with the Vice President of Campus Community Safety and the Chief of Police (or their designees), are jointly responsible for determining when a Timely Warning needs to be disseminated to the UW community.

Once the need for a message is confirmed, the UWPD will determine the content of the Timely Warning and will initiate the notification process, unless issuing the notification will in the judgment of first responders (e.g., UWPD, Seattle Police Department and/or the Seattle Fire Department), compromise the efforts to assist a victim, respond to or otherwise mitigate an emergency.

Timely Warnings are typically written by the on-call duty administrator at the UWPD, a supervisor or designee of the Chief or the Director of Strategic and Crisis Communication; some content is pre-approved and already written. University Marketing and Communications reviews the content. If the content refers to a crime being investigated by the Seattle Police Department, the content is also reviewed by the Seattle Police Department's Office of Public Affairs. UW Digital Engagement or Campus Community Safety distributes a mass email to University students and employees.

Follow-up information on Timely Warnings may be sent via email the same as the initial warning or other means, if necessary.

Testing of Procedures

The University conducts emergency response and evacuation exercises each year, including tabletop exercises, field exercises and drills of the emergency notifications systems on campus. These drills help to assess and evaluate emergency response plans. Some drills are announced beforehand and some are unannounced. The Office of Emergency Management conducts drills throughout the year and drafts after action reports assessing the University's capabilities. The Environmental Health and Safety Department (EH&S) maintains guidelines and provides training, consultation and support for building emergencies. EH&S compiles building evacuation drill results and shares the results with appropriate campus partners.

Missing Students: On-Campus Housing Policies

Note that this policy focuses on students residing in on-campus student housing.

In compliance with The Higher Education Opportunity Act (P.L.110-315), Housing & Food Services (HFS) maintains a missing student policy for University of Washington students living on campus. This policy includes the option to register a confidential contact for investigation of a missing person, instructions on how to report a missing person and a notification protocol for persons determined to be missing.

Registering a Confidential Contact

It is HFS's policy to provide students of any age the option to register a confidential contact to be notified within 24 hours if determined to be missing by HFS or a local law enforcement agency. Students can register a confidential contact through the HFS Student Profile Page as the first step in the housing application process. Changes can be made online as necessary at any time, and any students moving into on-campus housing during the calendar year have the option to register a confidential contact. A confidential contact is separate from your emergency contact registered at HFS. Your confidential contact is to be used for investigation of a missing person. Your emergency contact is utilized for situations deemed as emergencies, such as medical emergencies, physical injury, etc. and in the case a reported missing person is under the age of 18 and is not legally emancipated.

It is HFS's policy to notify parents or guardians of students under the age of 18 who are not legally emancipated within 24 hours of being determined missing. Parent

or guardian contact information must be provided through the Housing Profile Page.

A student's confidential contact is username and password protected according to Higher Education Opportunity Act requirements. An administrator for Residential Life is the authorized person for confirming a law enforcement agency request for the confidential contact and is the person who can access and release the contact information for investigation of a missing person. HFS administrative staff have access to each student's confidential contact.

By registering a confidential contact, a student is giving express permission to law enforcement to contact the identified person or persons for the purpose of a missing person investigation.

How to Report a Missing Person

If you believe a person is missing, you can report to any of the following law enforcement or campus security authorities:

- UWPD: Call 911 or the UWPD non-emergency line, 206-685-8973
- Seattle Police Department: Call 911

If you report a missing person to any UW official, that official must make a report to the UWPD or local police authority within 24 hours.

HFS Missing Person Protocol

When UW Housing & Food Services (HFS) receives a report of a student living in on-campus housing who is missing, HFS protocol includes the following, which must be performed within 24 hours of receiving that report:

1. Notify UWPD, regardless of whether the missing person has a registered confidential contact.

2. An HFS administrator accesses the missing student's confidential contact and releases the information to UWPD or to the confirmed requesting law enforcement agency.
3. Either HFS or a law enforcement agency notifies the student's confidential contact.
4. Either HFS or a law enforcement agency notifies the missing student's emergency contact — typically parent(s) or guardian(s) if he/she is under the age of 18 and not legally emancipated.

The UWPD will initiate a police investigation for a missing person and will notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of all confirmed missing students as necessary.

Additionally, if a student registers multiple confidential contacts and/or emergency contacts, HFS and/or UWPD will contact all registered persons even if one of the contacts states the student is not missing unless the person reported missing contacts HFS or the law enforcement agency. UWPD will document all unsuccessful attempts to locate the missing person as part of the police investigation.

Security of and Access to Facilities

The Seattle campus of the University of Washington is open to the public and is accessible 24 hours a day through roads leading onto campus, including the intersections of 17th and 45th, 40th and 15th, and 44th Place and 25th as well as multiple pedestrian pathways. Most buildings on campus are secured at night and not open to the public at that time. Hours of operation for the buildings on campus vary from building to building, and some buildings' hours vary by time of year, such as libraries.

The residence halls are restricted to residents, their guests and other approved members of the UW community. Residents use their Husky Cards to access their residence hall. Guests of residents must be accompanied at all times by the resident whom they are visiting.

The University of Washington Medical Center is open and accessible 24 hours per day. The University has well defined rules governing access to its facilities and building security, as outlined in [Administrative Policy Statement 13.3](#), "Building Security Regulations," and the policy on Use of University Facilities (CH. 478-136 WAC), and enforced by the UWPD and security personnel.

Police officers patrol campus in cars, on foot and on bicycles. Officers patrol outside as well as inside campus buildings and parking lots/garages.

The University maintains facilities and landscaping in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. UWPD officers regularly patrol campus and regularly walk

through buildings and report malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions to Facilities Services for correction. All members of the community can [report equipment problems to Facilities Services through their website](#).

The University's Residential Life program is designed to promote a safe and secure environment for residents. Entrances to all residential areas within residence hall buildings are locked on a 24-hour-a-day basis.

Most outside door entrances to the residence halls are locked on a 24-hour-a-day basis, except in buildings in which there are front service desks. The main entry doors immediately adjacent to front service desks are generally locked beginning at 7 p.m., and 24 hours on weekends. A Resident Adviser is on duty every night in each residence hall. A Resident Director, who responds to or consults on safety concerns in all the halls, is also on duty every night. The Residence Hall Patrol, consisting of Campus Safety Responders, is specifically responsible for patrolling the halls at night. Procedures for temporarily checking out keys in the case of students locked out of their rooms have been established to keep unauthorized persons from securing room keys and these procedures are strictly enforced. No door-to-door soliciting or distributing of leaflets by non-hall residents is allowed.



Members of the residence hall community are encouraged to assist in the protection of their and others' safety. The Residential Life staff also presents information and ongoing programs related to crime prevention, including personal safety seminars in partnership with the UWPD. Family housing and student apartments, although an extension of the University's housing program, are more similar to private community housing. Residents are responsible for following safety practices to protect themselves and residences. All UW housing units, except Radford Court Apartments, are within the jurisdiction of and are patrolled by the UWPD. Radford Court Apartments are under the jurisdiction of the Seattle Police Department.

Office of Global Affairs and UW Study Abroad

The Office of Global Affairs and UW Study Abroad have the primary responsibility to ensure compliance with Clery provisions across foreign locations supporting official University activities.

Clery Compliance Abroad

The Office of Global Affairs and UW Study Abroad continue to adhere to the below guidelines for the application of Clery provisions abroad:

1. **Applicability of Clery provisions.** Based on Clery definitions and requirements, the UW has no foreign campuses. The UW does, however, have multiple locations, based on study abroad programs, which constitute foreign-controlled property. Emergency notifications, missing student notifications and fire safety requirements apply to campuses only and therefore don't apply to the University's foreign-controlled properties. Timely warnings are required for all Clery geography and therefore apply to foreign-controlled properties; processes are in place between Global Affairs and UWPD for crime reporting and assessment of whether a timely warning is required.
2. **Annual reporting.** Clery-reportable crimes in a foreign-controlled property that are reported by a designated UW Campus Security Authority (CSA) to the UWPD Clery Coordinator are recorded as a crime statistic in the University's Annual Security Report (ASR), under the non-campus property category. The UW Global Travel Health and Safety Team is the designated focal point for reporting

Clery-reportable incidents abroad; however, crime reports can be made directly to the UWPD Clery Coordinator. UWPD annually requests Clery-reportable data from the local police departments where the University's foreign-controlled properties are located.

3. **Training.** Study abroad leaders and program directors are considered CSAs when conducting study abroad activities overseas. In-country Rome Center staff have been identified as CSAs and have completed required training. Program Directors of faculty-led programs participate in a series of three pre-departure workshops with the UW Study Abroad Office and UW Global Travel Health and Safety to discuss prevention, response and notification procedures. Enhanced information on Clery requirements and CSA responsibilities is being integrated into these workshops.

Peer universities generally come to similar conclusions about, and are taking similar actions related to, Clery compliance in foreign locations.

Work on the following element is ongoing: Identify and train in-country faculty and staff as Campus Security Authorities (CSA). **Next steps** include: The Office of Global Affairs will continue to designate CSAs and provide annual training for study abroad faculty and staff; and during annual training, OGA will emphasize the need to expedite crime reporting in compliance with the Clery Act's timely warning provisions.

Impact to the Institution

- The University has a clearer understanding of which Clery provisions apply to foreign locations and is strengthening compliance efforts in those locations.

University of Washington Fire Safety Report

The Higher Education Act of 2008 requires disclosure of fire safety standards and measures for on-campus student housing facilities. This report herein includes fire statistics for the three most current years, fire safety systems installed in each housing building, number of fire drills supervised each year, policies on ignition sources (smoking, open flame, portable electrical appliances, etc.), procedures for fire evacuation, and policies on fire safety education and training for the UW Seattle and Seattle privately-managed buildings.

This report was developed and published by UW Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S). For questions regarding the Fire Safety portion of this report, please contact EH&S at 206-543-7262.



Fire Definition

The Higher Education Act of 2008 defines a fire as “any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain burning or in an uncontrolled manner.”

Fire Statistics 2023-2025

EH&S Fire Safety investigates reported fires. The three most current calendar years of fire statistics are listed below.

[A fire log for the current calendar year may be viewed online.](#)

2025							
UW SEATTLE							
Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Alder Hall, 1315 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Blakely Village, 4747 – 30th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Cedar Apartments, 1112 & 1128 NE 41st St.	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodore Duchess 4005-4009 15th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Elm Hall, 1218 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Haggett Hall, 4290 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hanse Hall, 4340 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lander Hall, 1201 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Laurel Village, 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Dr. NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spratlen Hall (ex-Madrona Hall), 4320 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maple Hall, 1135 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
McCarty Hall, 4330 Little Canoe Channel NE	1	3/11/2025	Laser Cutter	Accidental laser caught material on fire	N/A	N/A	\$0-99
McMahon Hall, 4200 Little Canoe Channel NE	1	4/16/2025	Laser Cutter	Accidental laser caught material on fire	N/A	N/A	\$0-99

Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Mercer Court Apartments, 3925 & 3927 Adams Ln NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nordheim Court, 5000 - 25th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poplar, 1302 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terry Hall, 1101 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oliver Hall (ex-Willow Hall), 4294 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2024							
UW SEATTLE							
Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Alder Hall, 1315 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Blakely Village, 4747 – 30th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cedar Apartments, 1112 & 1128 NE 41st St.	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodore Duchess 4005-4009 15th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Elm Hall, 1218 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Haggett Hall, 4290 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hanse Hall, 4340 Little Canoe Channel NE	1	5/11/2024	Heating equipment	Overheated lint in dryer duct	0	0	\$0-99
Lander Hall, 1201 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Laurel Village, 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Dr. NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Spratlen Hall (ex-Madrona Hall), 4320 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maple Hall, 1135 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
McCarty Hall, 4330 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
McMahon Hall, 4200 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mercer Court Apartments, 3925 & 3927 Adams Ln NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nordheim Court, 5000 - 25th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poplar, 1302 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terry Hall, 1101 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Oliver Hall (ex-Willow Hall), 4294 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2023							
UW SEATTLE							
Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Alder Hall, 1315 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Blakely Village, 4747 – 30th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cedar Apartments, 1112 & 1128 NE 41st St.	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodore Duchess 4005-4009 15th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Elm Hall, 1218 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Haggett Hall, 4290 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hanse Hall, 4340 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lander Hall, 1201 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Laurel Village, 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Dr. NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Madrona Hall, 4320 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maple Hall, 1135 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Building	Total Fires in each Building	Date	Cause of Fire	Nature of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
McCarty Hall, 4330 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
McMahon Hall, 4200 Little Canoe Channel NE	1	03/01/2023	Electrical	Accidental laser caught material on fire	N/A	N/A	\$0-99
Mercer Court Apartments, 3925 & 3927 Adams Ln NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nordheim Court, 5000 - 25th Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poplar, 1302 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stevens Court, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Terry Hall, 1101 NE Campus Parkway	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Willow Hall, 4294 Little Canoe Channel NE	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Fire Safety Systems in Student Housing Facilities and Fire Drills

A fire drill is an exercise performed by trained staff to prepare and evaluate the occupants on their efficiency and effectiveness to carry out emergency evacuation procedures. During a fire drill, occupants are to practice safely evacuating the building, gathering at the assigned Evacuation Assembly Point and assisting others if needed.



2025							
UW Seattle							
Building	Automatic Sprinkler Protection	24-Hr Monitored Fire Alarm System	Fire Extinguishers	Manual Pull Stations	Smoke Detectors in Rooms	Carbon Monoxide Detectors	Number of Fire Drills
Alder Hall, 1315 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Blakely Village Apartments 4747 – 30th Ave NE	x ⁽¹⁾		x	x	x	x	4 ⁽²⁾
Blakely Village Townhomes 4747 – 30th Ave NE			x		x	x	0
Cedar Apartments, 1112 & 1128 NE 41st St.	x	x	x	x	x	x	4 ⁽²⁾
Commodore Duchess, 4005-4009 15th Ave NE		x	x	x	x	x	4 ⁽³⁾
Elm Hall, 1218 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Haggett Hall, 4290 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	0 ⁽⁴⁾
Hanse Hall, 4340 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Lander Hall, 1201 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Laurel Village Apartments, 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Dr. NE	x ⁽¹⁾		x	x	x	x	4 ⁽²⁾

Building	Automatic Sprinkler Protection	24-Hr Monitored Fire Alarm System	Fire Extinguishers	Manual Pull Stations	Smoke Detectors in Rooms	Carbon Monoxide Detectors	Number of Fire Drills
Laurel Village Townhomes, 4200 Mary Gates Memorial Dr. NE			x		x	x	0
Madrona Hall, 4320 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Maple Hall, 1135 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
McCarty Hall, 4330 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
McMahon Hall, 4200 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Mercer Court Apartments, 3925 & 3927 Adams Ln NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Nordheim Court, 5000– 25th Ave NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	4 ⁽²⁾
Oak Hall, 4295 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Poplar, 1302 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Stevens Court East, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	4 ⁽²⁾
Stevens Court West, 3801 Brooklyn Ave NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Terry Hall, 1101 NE Campus Parkway	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾
Willow Hall, 4294 Little Canoe Channel NE	x	x	x	x	x	x	3 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Sprinkler protection is provided in the common egress stairways and a single sprinkler head inside each unit doorway.

⁽²⁾ Drills for Summer quarter 2025 only conducted for residence halls with housed UW students: Blakely Village Apartments, Cedar Apartments, Commodore Duchess, Laurel Village Apartments, Nordheim Court, Stevens Court East.

⁽³⁾ Employees only

⁽⁴⁾ Building was closed to housing in preparation for destruction.

Policies and Rules in Housing Facilities

The individual campus fire safety policies and procedures for electrical appliances, open flames and smoking are as follows:

Many appliances are prohibited in the housing facilities due to fire safety concerns and confined space. Prohibited appliances include, but are not limited to:

1. Halogen lamps
2. Space heaters (*Space heaters are allowed only when issued by Housing & Food Services as a temporary heat source).
3. All open-flame or open-coil appliances (e.g., fondue pots, toasters, toaster ovens)
4. Air conditioners (Exception: portable, free standing air conditioners may be used in family housing apartment units)
5. Full-size appliances (except where provided by the University), or the use of multiple appliances that exceed the usage limits of the room.

Open-flame devices, such as candles, incense, lanterns or barbecues are not allowed in the residence halls or 12-month apartment units. If students wish to have ceremonial flames such as menorahs, kanaris or birthday candles, alternative arrangements can be made with their Resident Director. Outdoor grills are allowed for organized events within the residence hall community.

Residents of 12-month and Family Housing apartment units may use barbecue grills only in designated outdoor areas. Smoke from cooking must not interfere with the air supply of any building. Open-flame decorative devices are permitted in family

housing apartment units, but must not be left unattended. Recreational fires, portable fireplaces or other open flame devices are not allowed.

Smoking is not allowed in University of Washington buildings, however, designated smoking areas can be found on campus.

Regarding the Commodore Duchess Apartments in particular, portable electric space heaters are permitted only with express permission. Barbecue grills are not permitted at Commodore Duchess. Smoking is only permitted in designated areas outside of the building.

Evacuation Procedures

When alerted of a fire by an alarm or other means all residents and staff are required to evacuate the premises immediately via the nearest stairwell or grade-level exit. All residents and staff are to report to a predetermined evacuation assembly point and await further direction from a staff member or emergency official.

Evacuation maps are posted in every unit. They illustrate evacuation routes and fire safety equipment locations.

For more information on evacuation procedures and related topics, visit the [EH&S website](#) for general information and [Housing & Food Services \(HFS\) website](#) for HFS specific information.

Fire Education and Training Programs

EH&S conducts an annual training for Resident Advisors in September of each year. The curriculum includes building fire safety systems and evacuation procedures. Fire safety education is provided to all residence hall students during their periodic floor meetings. Additional information can be found in the student's housing agreement

and the [Housing & Food Services website](#). Evacuation maps, posted in every unit, illustrate evacuation routes and fire safety equipment locations. All resident students, except those in Laurel Village and Blakely townhouse units, are required to participate in fire drill exercises where they are to practice evacuating the building, calling for help, gathering at the assigned Evacuation Assembly Point and assisting others if needed.

Employees are oriented on fire safety policies and procedures as part of new hire orientation and participate in evacuation drills.

Reporting a Fire

All active fire and explosion emergencies must be reported **immediately** regardless of size and nature by phoning 911 and/or activating the fire alarm system. The level of response will vary based upon the information provided.

To comply with regulation and UW policy, all fires, including minor fires that self-extinguish and those that do not require emergency assistance or evacuation, must be reported to EH&S within 24 hours. EH&S investigates reported fires to determine their cause, provide consultation, and to document the incident for reporting purposes. Fires are reported to Scott D. Nelson, PE at EH&S Fire Safety and Engineering, at 206-543-7262 or email sdnpe@uw.edu to report a fire or explosion to EH&S. Fires are also reported to UWPD at 206-685-8973 if suspicious in nature and potentially a criminal act.

All fire incidents shall be reported to the Resident Adviser and/or Resident Director who then notify EH&S.

Plans for Future Fire Safety Improvements

Infrastructure

The University of Washington has no plans for fire safety infrastructure improvements such as fire alarm and sprinkler system upgrades in residence facilities at the Seattle campus during the current biennium.



Definitions of Terms Used in This Publication

Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program: A nationwide, cooperative statistical effort in which city, university and college, county, State, Tribal and Federal law enforcement agencies voluntarily report data on crimes brought to their attention. The FBI's UCR program serves as the basis for the definitions of crimes listed below.

Crime Definitions

Arson

Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Assault — Aggravated

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Assault — Simple

An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury; or to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack (e.g., intimidation).

Burglary

The unlawful entry into a building/structure with the intent to commit a felony or theft.

Dating Violence

Physical harm, bodily injury, assault or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault, between individuals involved in a social relationship of a romantic nature. Incidents of intimate partner violence that meet the definition of domestic violence are counted under domestic violence and not under intimate partner violence to avoid double counting.

Domestic Violence

Physical harm, bodily injury, assault or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault, between family or household members; sexual assault of one family or household member by another; or stalking as defined in RCW 9A.46.110 of one family or household member by another family or household member.

Drug/Narcotic Offenses

(Excludes Driving Under the Influence)

The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use.

Forcible Fondling

The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will.

Hate Crime (also known as a bias crime)

A criminal offense committed against a person or property that is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias

against a race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity or national origin.

Incest

Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degree wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Liquor Law Violations (Excludes Driving Under the Influence)

The violation of criminal laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession or use of alcoholic beverages.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails (includes eBikes and eScooters)

Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Rape

The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will, including sexual assault with an object and forcible sodomy.

Robbery

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person(s) by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Sex Offenses

Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Stalking

Without lawful authority and under circumstances not amounting to a felony attempt of another crime, a person intentionally and repeatedly harasses or repeatedly follows another person, and the person being harassed or followed is placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure the person, another person, or property of the person or of another person. The feeling of fear must be one that a reasonable person in the same situation experience under all the circumstances. Also, the stalker either intends to frighten, intimidate or harass the person, or knows or reasonably should know that the person is afraid, intimidated or harassed even if the stalker did not intend to place the person in fear or intimidate or harass the person.

Statutory Rape

Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Unfounded

False or baseless complaint.

Weapons Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices or other deadly weapons.

Clery Definitions

Awareness programs: Trainings provided by the university to increase knowledge about the existence of certain crimes and the resources available on campus and in the community as well as the university's position on these crimes.

Bystander Prevention: Safe and positive ways that witnesses can intervention to deter crimes.

Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaigns: Trainings and marketing provided by the university to increase knowledge about the existence of certain crimes and the resources available on campus and in the community as well as the university's position on these crimes.

Primary Prevention Programs: Trainings and marketing efforts focused on influencing knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors of those most at risk to perpetrate.

Proceeding: The rules by which a hearing occurs and administrators determine the outcome in a disciplinary proceeding.

Result: The outcome of a hearing.

Risk Reduction: Strategies that decrease the likelihood of becoming a victim are targeted towards potential victims or bystanders who learn strategies to use in-the-moment.

Clery Geography: For the purposes of counting annual crime statistics in this report, Clery geography is defined as the areas that meet the definitions of "campus," "noncampus building or property," or "public property" (see below for definitions of those terms). For the purposes of maintaining a daily crime log, Clery Geography also includes areas within the patrol jurisdiction of the UWPD.

Noncampus: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution (e.g., fraternities and sororities); or any building or

property owned or controlled by the UW that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the UW's educational purposes, is frequently used by students and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the UW. Examples: Harborview Medical Center, UW Genome Studies on Mercer Street (downtown Seattle) and Leon (in Spain).

On-Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by the UW (Seattle campus) within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the UW in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the UW's educational purposes, including residence halls; or any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous and is owned by the UW but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes.

Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus.

Residential Facilities: Alder Hall, Blakeley Village, Cedar Apartments, the Commodore Duchess Apartments, Elm Hall, Haggett Hall, Hansee Hall, Lander Hall, Laurel Village, Maple Hall, McCarty Hall, McMahon Hall, Mercer Court, Nordheim Court, Oliver Hall (ex - Willow Hall), Poplar Hall, Spratlen Hall (ex - Madrona Hall) Stevens Court, and Terry Hall which house students on-campus, or reasonably contiguous to UW Seattle campus were counted in the On-Campus category.

Off-Campus Resources

Al-Anon - (24 hours) 206-625-0000

Alcohol and Drug 24-hour Help Line

206-722-3700, 1-800-562-1240 (in Washington State only)

Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hours)
206-587-2838

Crisis Clinic 24-hour crisis line
1-866-427-4747 206-461-3219 TTY/TDD

Domestic Violence Hotline (24 hours)
1-800-562-6025

Harborview Abuse & Trauma Center
206-744-1600

Harborview Medical Center Emergency Trauma 24-hour - 206-744-3074

King County Jail Inmate Lookup

King County Protection Orders

King County Sexual Assault Resource Center
(24 hours) 1-888-998-6423

National Domestic Violence Hotline
1-800-799-SAFE (7233)

TTY: 1-800-787-3224

Text START to 88788

Poison Center 1-800-222-1222

Sex Offender List

Seattle Police Department, Non-Emergency
206-625-5011

Washington Recovery Help Line
866-789-1511

Campus Resources

UW Community Standards & Student Conduct - 206-685-6194, cssc@uw.edu

Resource for those concerned about student behavior that may constitute a violation of the Student Code of Conduct related to academic or behavioral misconduct.

UW Counseling Center - 206-543-1240

Staffed by psychologists and mental health counselors who provide developmentally-based counseling, assessment and crisis intervention services to currently-enrolled UW students.

UW Environmental Health & Safety Building and Fire Safety Office - 206-543-7262, uwfire@uw.edu

To report a fire and to gain access to information on fires in the residence halls.

Emergency Management (UWEM)

General Number - 206-897-8000, disaster@uw.edu

Global Travel Security - 206-616-7927 (Non-Emergency), 206-632-0153 (24/7 Emergency), travelemergency@uw.edu

Emergency support to UW faculty, staff and students traveling abroad for research, conferences and study abroad.

Husky Assist - 206-543-9331 or 911 to reach Husky Assist for help on the Seattle campus. Husky Assist is skilled team of on-call mental health workers ready to respond to students, staff and faculty for mental health and substance use support on the Seattle campus. The team is available 11 a.m. to 8 p.m. Monday through Friday, except for UW holidays.

[Husky Health Center \(formerly Hall Health Center\)](#) - 206-685-1011

Outpatient clinic that provides health care to UW students and their dependents, alumni, faculty, staff and the community.

Harborview Parking and Security Services
206-744-4913

Obtain information from the Harborview crime log.

[LiveWell](#) - 206-543-6085, livewell@uw.edu

LiveWell empowers individuals with the skills and knowledge to make informed decisions about their health and well-being while at UW and beyond. LiveWell uses both the expertise of professional staff and passion of Peer Health Educators to provide evidenced-based health promotion, advocacy education and prevention services.

Human Resources

Campus HR Operations
Roosevelt Commons West 2nd floor;
4300 Roosevelt Way NE
Seattle, WA 98105;
206-543-2354

UWMC Employee Relations
BB150 UWMC;
Box 356054;
206-598-6116

Harborview Employee Relations
Pat Steel Building
401 Broadway Suite 2100 (street);
325 9th Ave (mailing);
Box 359715;
206-744-9220

A resource for concerns regarding the behavior of an employee.

Information about leave eligibility use, planning time away from work for legal reasons, complaints of harassment, etc.

[Husky SafeTrip](#) - 206-685-WALK (9255)

Uniformed security guards provide transportation for students, staff and faculty members to locations on and near campus. 6:30 p.m.-2 a.m.

[NightRide Shuttle](#) - (business hrs.)
206-685-3146, shuttles@uw.edu

A shuttle for the campus community to get home at night. Operates Monday through Friday during academic quarters, excluding University holidays and summer quarter. 8 p.m. until 1:39 a.m.

[Q Center](#) - 206-897-1430, qcenter@uw.edu

The Q Center provides services and resources to support the Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual, Transgender and Queer (GLBTQ) community, such as a lending library, discussion forums, meeting & social space, brief crisis intervention and referrals.

[SafeCampus](#) - 206-685-7233

Report threats, receive advice and resources for a variety of situations from stalking to relationship violence to harassment in the workplace.

[LiveWell Confidential Advocates](#),
lwadvoc@uw.edu

A confidential and safe starting point for students affected by sexual assault, relationship violence and stalking.

Title IX Coordinator,
Valery Richardson, 206-221-7932
Roosevelt Commons East, Suite 320
(4300 Roosevelt Way NE, Seattle, WA 98105),
titleix@uw.edu

Provides initiatives, programs and services that focus on achieving equity and parity and both preventing and responding to sex- and gender-based harassment and violence.

Title IX Investigation Office

206-616-2028, cr-investigations@uw.edu

Resource for those concerned about student behavior that may constitute a violation of the Student Conduct Code related to sexual misconduct.

UW Alert Blog

UW Alert and UW Advisory messages.

University of Washington Medical Center Security 206-598-4909

UWMC Security Response Desk - 206-598-5555

University Ombudsman - 206-543-6028

A source of information and assistance to all members of the University community concerning University-related complaints from students and members of the faculty and staff with regard to alleged inequities. Services for preventing, managing and resolving conflict among students, staff and faculty of this University.

UW Alert

Students and employees can sign up to receive emergency alert notifications via email and text message.

Washington Employee Assistance Program (EAP)

The Washington State Employee Assistance Program (WA EAP) supports PEBB-eligible University of Washington employees and their household members to help identify and resolve personal concerns to promote individual and workplace well-being.

UWPD Department Contact Information

UWPD Emergency, fire, medical aid from any campus telephone - 911

Non-emergency line - 206-685-8973

Confidential Tip Line - 206-685-TIPS (8477)

Community Engagement - 206-685-1916, engagepd@uw.edu

UWPD website: <http://police.uw.edu>

E-mail address: uwpolice@uw.edu

Facebook: www.facebook.com/UWPolice

Twitter: www.twitter.com/UW_Police

Instagram: www.instagram.com/uw_police/

The University of Washington prohibits discrimination, harassment and sexual misconduct in any education program or activity that it operates. Individuals may report concerns, make complaints, or direct inquiries to the Civil Rights Compliance Office. The statement of nondiscrimination is located at: uw.edu/civilrights/policies-and-guidance/statement-of-nondiscrimination/.

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